

# **Table of Maximum Residue Limits 2020**

The progress achieved in agricultural production, associated with technification, has made it possible to achieve levels of efficiency that would have been impossible to reach in the past.

Agricultural production is currently linked to the use of numerous productive tools, and the growth in research and development has allowed the massive diffusion of new tools that are of fundamental help to producers. These advances have had a favorable impact on society, allowing broader sectors of the population to have access to greater quantities of better-quality food. In order to guarantee the health and welfare of animals, it is absolutely necessary to have veterinary drugs, their use in food-producing animals can leave residues in food products obtained from treated animals.

Thus, drugs can be used in food-producing animals as long as they have undergone a risk assessment, with a solid scientific basis, and a favorable outcome. Maximum Residue Limits (MRL) are thus established for this substance when it is considered necessary to protect human health.

These MRLs will be set considering the characteristics determined from scientific research on drugs, especially toxicological and based on codes of good production practices, so that a food containing drug residue concentrations below the MRL limit can be consumed without causing intoxication or cumulative effects in the body of the person who eats it.