

Moving forward against avian influenza

Vaccination in areas of high zoosanitary risk



The Secretariat of Agriculture and Rural Development authorized the implementation of 41 million 351 thousand doses of highly pathogenic avian influenza AH5N1 vaccines from three laboratories, which were delivered to producers based on the availability of biologicals and the estimated risk in each region.

The SENASICA established as a priority the coverage of high zoosanitary risk areas and farms breeding of parent and reproductive hens, as they are essential to preserve the production of chicken meat and egg for national supply.

Biologicals began to be applied in Coahuila, Sonora, Durango, Nayarit, Nuevo León, Yucatán and Jalisco, the latter is the state in which 54 percent of the total national egg and 11.4 percent of the total poultry meat productions are produced.

The SENASICA invited the members of the production chain not to move poultry products that have not been certified by the institution's technicians, after demonstrating the absence of avian influenza on their farms.

For more information, visit: [Vaccination against avian influenza AH5N1 moves forward in poultry production units](#)