Our Poultry Industry is Protected with Dinesa

Senasica activated the National Animal Health Emergency Plan to strengthen actions against avian influenza.



The avian influenza outbreak detected in Coahuila and Durango is under control, as no more poultry farms with clinical signs suggestive of the disease have been identified in recent weeks.

Mexico is the twelfth largest producer of primary livestock in the world, generating more than 23 million tons of meat food annually to cater to national and international markets.

Protecting this heritage is a priority for the Mexican Government, therefore when there are outbreaks of diseases and pests of quarantine importance that endanger national livestock, Senasica activates the National Emergency Plan for Animal Health (Dinesa), enabling deployment of all the material and human resources available to the Secretariat of Agriculture and creating the appropriate framework to strengthen coordination of veterinary services throughout the 32 states.

Dinesa was deployed for the first time in 1989 when the Rabbit Hemorrhagic Viral Disease was detected. In the following years, it was activated to control and eradicate diseases such as: cattle screwworm, Venezuelan and eastern equine encephalitis, highly pathogenic H5N2 avian influenza, among others.

Now, the Secretariat of Agriculture activated Dinesa, to reinforce epidemiological surveillance measures throughout the country for protecting the national poultry industry from highly pathogenic avian influenza (AI) AH7N3, present in several central states of the country since 2012, as well as to reinforce measures to prevent the entry into Mexico of AI H5N1, which is currently impacting several countries in Asia, Africa, and Europe, as well as in the United States and Canada.