Together to eradicate avian influenza

SENASICA and the productive sector will reorient the actions of the National Campaign.



Avian influenza (AI), also known as bird flu, is a highly contagious viral disease that affects poultry, such as turkeys, roosters, chicks, chickens and quails, as well as various wild birds.

It is characterized by causing purple or bruised coloration on the crest and chin of the affected birds, as well as fever, depression, lack of appetite, sneezing, nasal discharge, diarrhea, ruffled plumage, tremors, weakness, lack of coordination and crowding.

In Mexico, SENASICA fights two varieties of the disease: H5N1, of low pathogenicity, which often goes unnoticed due to the lack of symptoms, and H7N3, of high pathogenicity, which causes the death of the animal and generates great losses to the poultry industry.

Thanks to the coordinated work between the Agriculture Agency and the producers that jointly operate in the National Campaign, 11 entities are classified as Al-free: Baja California, Baja California Sur, Campeche, Colima, Chihuahua, Quintana Roo, Sinaloa, Sonora, Tabasco, Tamaulipas and Yucatán.

The rest of the states are at low prevalence, so control measures are in place. It is in these regions where SENASICA and the productive sector have decided to reorient the actions in order to achieve the eradication of this disease in the medium term.

See more information at: <u>Acuerdan Agricultura y avicultores reforzar acciones</u> de la campaña contra la influenza aviar