

We close the International Year of Plant Health on a high note

The International Plant Protection Convention published a study about the impact of climate change on plant pests:



On June 30, 184 countries will close the 2020 International Year of Plant Health festivities, which were extended until the first semester of 2021, since some events had to be rescheduled due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In Mexico, the festivities were diverse and quite colorful: from photo exhibitions, lectures, issuance of commemorative lottery tickets and collector's coins, to bathing in green light the most emblematic buildings and sculptures of various federated states.

The festivities around the world communicated to our societies the hard and tireless work that agricultural producers, technicians and scientist do to make the food that reaches our tables healthy and safe.

Moreover, these festivities made possible for specialists from the regional and national organizations of phytosanitary protection around the world to participate in a discussion headed by the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC).

This discussion was more than talks, since experts from Italy, Spain, Iraq, Brazil, Australia, United States, South Africa, Germany, Lebanon, People's Republic of China and Jamaica expressed the views of the rest of the world in a wide scientific study about the impact of climate change on pest plants, which will stand as a legacy for the generations to come.

This document is available for download in Spanish at <http://www.fao.org/publications/card/es/c/CB4769ES/>.

For more information, please visit: [Mexico participates in the FAO's study about the impact of climate change on pest plants](#)