

Integración comercial y productiva para el bienestar

Mexico: a trusted economic partner and ally in USMCA

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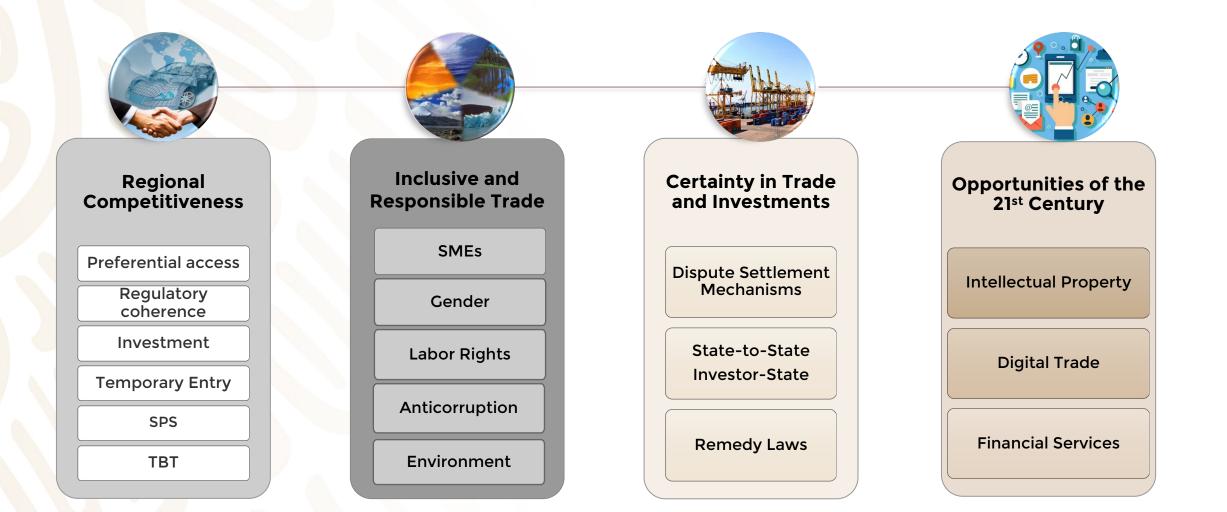


• From NAFTA to USMCA



USMCA	1. Initial Provisions and General Definitions	12. Sectoral Annexes	23. Labor
	2. National Treatment and Market Access for Goods	13. Government Procurement	24. Environment
	3. Agriculture	14. Investment	25. Small and Medium-sized Enterprises
	4. Rules of Origin	15. Cross-Border Trade in Services	26. Competitiveness
	5. Origin Procedures	16. Temporary Entry	27. Anticorruption
	6. Textiles and Apparel	17. Financial Services	28. Good Regulatory Practices
✓ Certainty.	7. Customs and Trade Facilitation	18. Telecommunications	29. Publication and Administration
✓ Clear Rules.	8. Energy	19. Digital Trade	30. Administrative and Institutional Provisions
✓ Maintains Free Trade.	9. Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures	20. Intellectual Property	31. Dispute Settlement
 Preserves North American 	10. Trade Remedies	21. Competition Policy	32. Exceptions and General Provisions
Integration.	11. Technical Barriers to Trade	22. State-Owned Enterprises	33. Macroeconomic Policies
			34. Final Provisions

USMCA: Main achievements





2. Why North America?



NAFTA created a competitive North American region



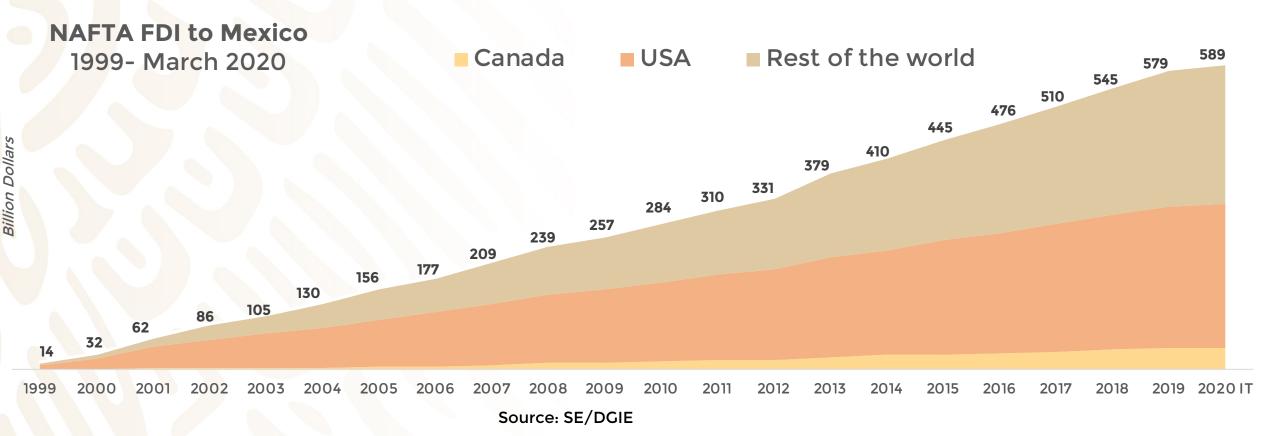
N	Population	GDP	FDI	Trade	Trade (Intra)
A F	493	\$26	\$323	\$6	\$1.2
T	Million people	Trillion dollars	Billion dollars	Trillion dollars	Trillion dollars
A	6.5 % of world population	18.3% of world GDP 2 nd global economy (2019)	23.1% of world FDI (2018) 1st recipient in the world	15.9% of global trade 2nd global exporter (2019)	20% of the región's total trade (2019)

Source: IMF, Banco de México, WTO and TradeMap.

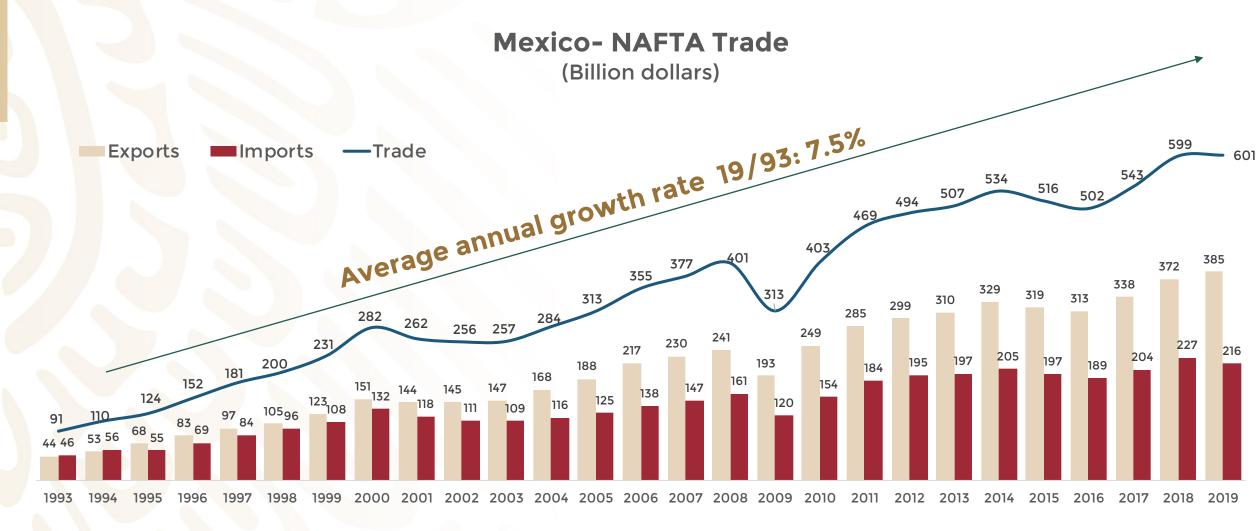
Foreign Direct Investment under NAFTA

 USA and Canada account for more than half of total FDI received by Mexico between 1999- March 2020.





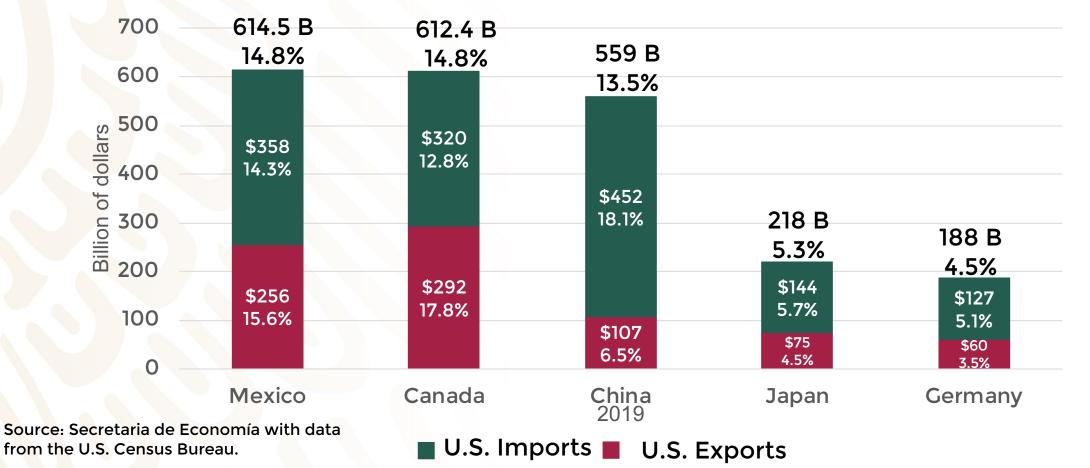
NAFTA trade



Source: Banco de México.

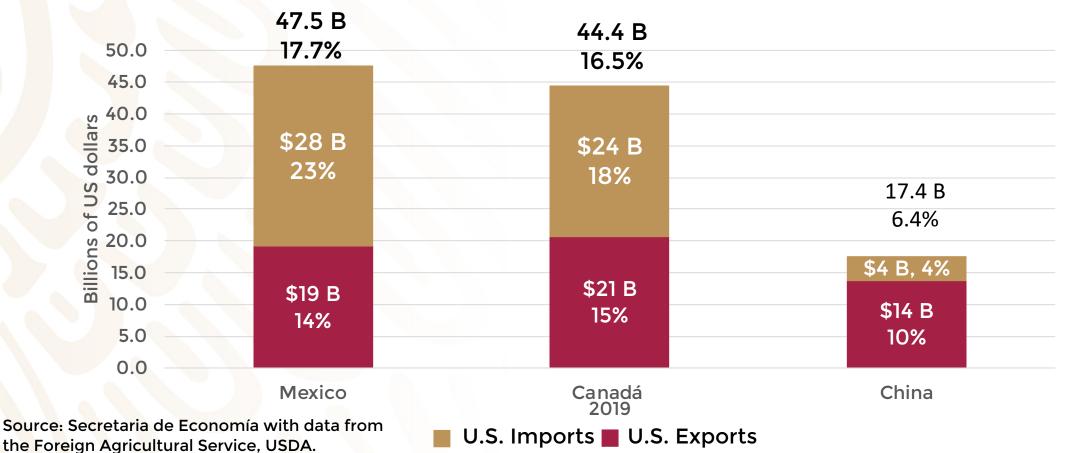
Mexico today is the U.S. Top Trading Partner

In 2019 Mexico and the U.S. traded 614.5 billion in goods, surpassing Canada and China.



Mexico became the US Top Trading Partner in agricultural products

In 2019 the U.S. and Mexico traded over **47.5 billion** dollars in agricultural goods.



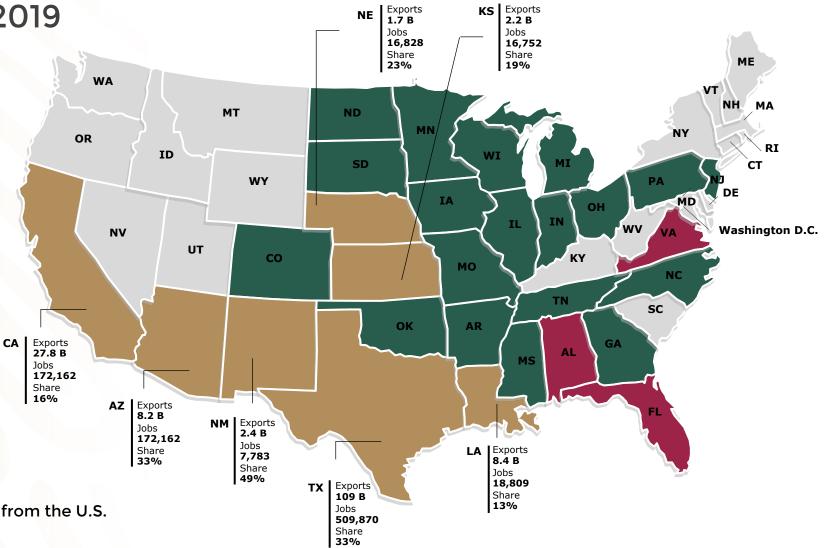
Mexico is a key market for U.S. states' exports

U.S. exports by State, 2019

Mexico is the largest export market for 7 U.S. states

Mexico is the second largest export market for 19 U.S. states

Mexico is the third largest export market for 3 U.S. states.



Source: Secretaria de Economía with data from the U.S. Census Bureau .

Mexico and Illinois: a strong partnership Mexico is the second export market for Illinois

198,000 Jobs supported by trade with Mexico

- **9.3 B** Exports to Mexico, 15.5% of its total exports
- **12.8 B** Imports from Mexico, 7.8% of its total imports

Source: Secretaria de Economía with data from the U.S. Census Bureau.

IL.

The U.S. and Mexico are Deeply Integrated

U.S. trade with Mexico accounts for U.S. \$614.5 billion and is part of global supply chains specialized in the electronics and industrial machinery sectors, as well as the automotive.

2019 **256.4 B**

Imports, 2019 **358.1 B**

	Top US exports to Mexico, 2019			Top US imports from Mexico, 2019			
	Prod.	Amount	Share		Prod.	Amount	Share
1	Gasoline	27.9 B	10.50%	1	Automobiles	35.0 B	10.1%
2	Autoparts	17.0 B	6.40%	2	Computers	26.4 B	7.6%
3	Acc/computers	11.7 B	4.40%	3	Autoparts	24.7 B	7.1%
4	Low cost shipments	7.4 B	2.80%	4	Veh/transp/goods	22.8 B	6.6%
5	Integrated circuits	6.9 B	2.60%	5	Crude oil	14.2 B	4.1%
6	Gas	5.4 B	2.00%	6	Insulated wire	11.4 B	3.3%
7	Computers	5.1 B	1.90%	7	Phones/cellphones	10.5 B	3.0%
8	Diesel motors	4.5 B	1.70%	8	Televisions	9.0 B	2.6%
9	Electric switches	4.4 B	1.70%	9	Tractors	8.6 B	2.5%
10	Tlephones and cellphones	4.4 B	1.60%	10	Seats	7.0 B	2.0%

Source: Secretaria de Economía with data from the U.S. Census Bureau .

Mexico and Illinois are deeply Integrated

Illinois trade with Mexico accounts for **U.S. \$22.1 billion** and is part of global supply chains specialized in the electronics and industrial machinery sectors, as well as the automotive.

Imports, 2019: 12.8 B

Illinois top imports from Mexico, 2019				
	Imports	Amount	Share	
1	Beer	3,445	27%	
2	Televisions	648	5%	
3	Electric Panels	602	5%	
4	Autoparts	564	4%	
5	Electric swithces	338	3%	
6	Insulated wire	282	2%	
7	Refrigerators	266	2%	
8	Telephones	252	2%	
9	Ethyl Alcohol	227	2%	
10	Oil	209	2%	

Exports, 2019: 9.3 B

Illinois top exports to Mexico, 2019				
Imports		Amount	Share	
1	Autoparts	770	8%	
2	Corn	685	7%	
3	Electric switches	261	3%	
4	Medical instruments	234	3%	
5	Locomotive parts	186	2%	
6	Parts for engines	149	2%	
7	Valves for pipes	141	2%	
8	Screws, bolts and nuts	140	2%	
9	Articles of plastic	138	1%	
10	Articles of iron & steel	138	1%	

Source: Secretaria de Economía with data from the U.S. Census Bureau.





5 reasons to do business in Mexico

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- Mexico ranks among the world's top emerging markets, with a stable and open economy.
- 2 Mexico has a network of 13 free trade agreements with 50 countries that offers preferential access to more than 1.3 billion potential consumer markets in economies that represent more than 60% of the world's GDP
- 3 Mexico has a strong, innovative and diversified industrial platform in a wide range of industries.
 - Mexico boasts a human resource pool with young workers and a highly trained workforce, a young population (27 years) and a market close to 130 million potential consumers.

High productivity and competitiveness combined makes Mexico an open and ideal trading partner and an attractive place to invest.

Mexico has a strong and innovative industrial platform

🕥 19th

6.2%

Most complex country according to the Atlas of Economic Complexity of the world's total automotive exports are exported by Mexico



of the world's total electronics exports are exported by Mexico

Mexico before and after NAFTA				
	1993	2018		
Trade	117 B	915 B		
Exported products	4,151	4,235		
Trade partners	142	223		

Source: Secretaria de Economía with data from the World Bank Group and the Atlas of Economic Complexity.

Mexico leads in manufacturing production

statistics/ 2 Soure: https://www.wto.org/spanish/res_s/statis_s/wts2019_s/wts2019_s.pdf 3Source

1 Source: http://www.oica.net/category/production-statistics/2018-

https://legacy.trade.gov/td/otm/assets/aero/AeroTop20SuppliersAnnual.p df

4Source CANIETI https://esemanal.mx/2019/10/desciende-mexico-a-lasexta-posicion-como-exportador-de-servicios-de-ti/

5 Source:

https://unctad.org/en/PublicationChapters/tdstat44_FS09_en.pdf 6 Source: Mexico became the 6th largest world producer of vehicles (2019)¹ and is ranked the 4th exporter worldwide (2018)².

6th largest supplier of aircraft parts to the USA (2019)³.

6th largest exporter of information technology products and services (2018)⁴.

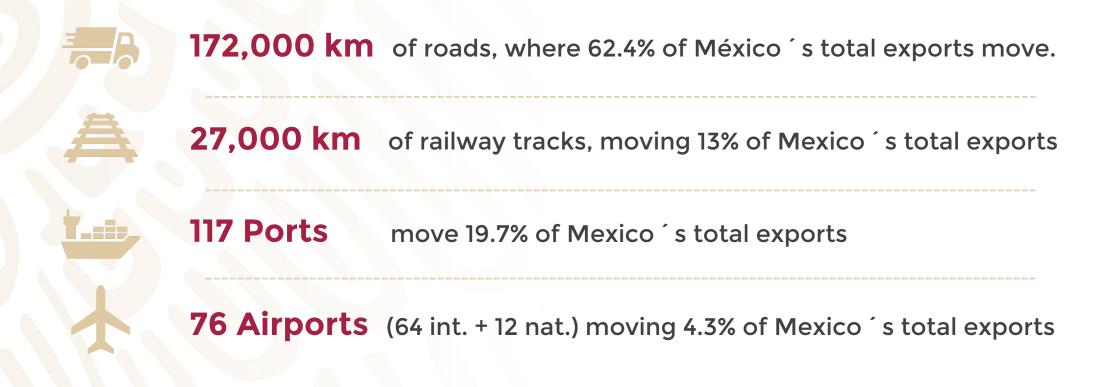
7th largest exporter (2018), if excluded trade within the European Union^{2.}

13th recipient of foreign direct investment worldwide and 2nd in Latin America (2018)⁵.

8th largest exporter of food products (2018)⁶.

Mexico has solid infrastructure and logistics network

According to the WEF, Mexico ranks among the top 30% countries with best transport infrastructure.



Mexico offers competitive costs

Low shipping costs: Mexico US\$9/m3 compared to China

US\$140/m3

Competitive Labor costs: Mexico US\$4.8/hour compared to China

US\$6.5/hour

Mexico offers an IMMEX program (maquiladora) that

Offers tax benefits

Source: GBM Global Value Chains Disruption p. 10.

USMCA opportunities

Stricter Rules of Origin for the automotive sector

- *It will allow the steel industry to integrate its production chain*
- Promote more local sourcing



✓ More inclusive trade

SMEs, Labor, Environment, Anticorruption, Competitiveness Digital Economy and ecommerce





USMCA opportunities







USMCA will be a key factor in the economic recovery of the three countries as it will contribute to:

- strengthen the productive integration of North America,
- incoporate more value-added in the region,
- boost new regional value chains in North America to replace imports from outside the region (nearshoring, decoupling).

Actions to face COVID-19



USMCA governments work coordinately to:

Close the border for non-essential travel.

 Define Protocols and conditions that must be met to allow transition towards reopening productive activities.

Increase use of digital services

✓ Implement USMCA

Thank you

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