



COP13 COMOPACOMOP2
CANCUN, MEXICO 2016
MANAGING BIODIVERSITY FOR WELLBEING

INECC
INSTITUTO NACIONAL
DE ECOLOGIA Y CLIMA QUERÉTARO

Evento Paralelo: Adaptación basada en Ecosistemas: un vínculo entre biodiversidad conservación y adaptación al cambio climático





C6 cuencas costeras y cambio climático

Conservación de humedales costeros en el contexto de cambio climático

Caso de estudio

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Coastal watersheds conservation in the context of climate change


C6 cuencas costeras y cambio climático

The objective is to promote integrated management of the coastal watershed to preserve biodiversity as well as adaptation and mitigation to climate change

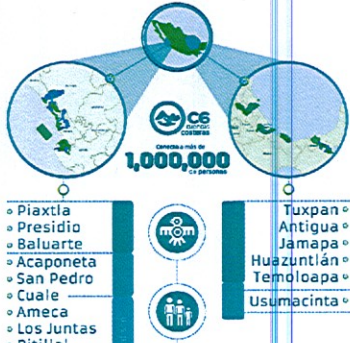
It operates with resources from the Global Environment Facility (GEF) managed by the World Bank



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C6 cuencas costeras y cambio climático



Comprende más de **1,000,000** ha


Región Golfo de California

- Piaxtla
- Presidio
- Baluarte
- Acaponeta
- San Pedro
- Cuale
- Ameca
- Los Juntas
- Pitillal
- El Tuito

Región Golfo de México


- Tuxpan
- Antigua
- Jamapa
- Huazuntlán
- Temloapa
- Usumacinta

Impacta una superficie de **3,810,825** ha




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¿Why watershed approach for territorial planning?



- Water resources impacted by human activities and climate change will increase the vulnerability of human activities and ecosystems. (IPCC, MA, CONAGUA)
- Water resource management schemes must integrate the projections of climate change in the design and operation of investments and programs

Integrated management of the watersheds will increase the potential for adaptation to climate change considering the supply and demand of essential **environmental services**



Highlight of the project:

-Collaboration between three public institutions (CONANP, CONAFOR and INECC) and one private (FMCN) is an innovative component that seeks to trigger processes of implementation of integrated action in the context of watershed management.

Strengthening of Natural Protected Areas

Payment for ecosystems services

Prioritization of good management practices, climate change analysis

Sub-projects and financial management

1. Connectivity between Natural Protected Areas located in the upper and lower parts of the watersheds is promoted, in order to improve the functionality of the territory.

New NPA with the mountain to reef scope

- **Promote sustainable practices in productive activities in the NPAs**
- **Birds and mammals monitoring programme (SAR-MOD)**
- **Activities to reduce pressure in conservation areas**
- **Inspection and surveillance programmes**
- **Conformation of community surveillance committee**
- **Forest fire control programmes**
- **Park ranger experience sharing (among the two gulf)**
- **Workshops with tour operators**

2. 32 selected sub-projects, focus on sustainable forest management and agro-ecological systems to implement the most appropriate management practices in the watersheds

Topics:

- Restoration of rainforest, mesophile, pine, pine-oak forests
- Promote silvopastoral practices.
- Sustainable coffee cultivation.
- Promote connectivity between vegetation patches.
- Agroecological forestry systems.
- Reinforcement of the communities plant nurseries.
- Promote spaces for community governance.
- Land-use planning.

*¿Teh tshkipanowa pan se tanechot pan moatlacac?
Nantz nikan ga skahucan tepanotah yeh na
Kipant' wen na kintanaw yeh ot' of pan tualot'.
Siga ten tshikawon tepanotah naga setemo non skahucan
moatlacac*

*¿Siga teh tshikaw si oco' pan atlap' Huzantlan kan
moatlacac tanechot kan manezti ten mochlives tshpa
tshpanat?*

*Kinohuato acito' te kuz' tepanot' wen meatl' meatl' jalo pan conito
conitoconito@tshpana.gov' tshpana pan tepanococot, 01800
800 3300*

Sub-projects. Example 1

Mpo de Huayacocotla. Eco-technology stoves

Mpo de Zacualpan. Species enrichment, Biotechnology Rainforest

Mpo de Zacualpan. Plant nurseries

TUXPAN

Coastal watersheds localization

Sustainable grassing, protein banks, live fence (connectivity rainforest patches)

C6 **Sub-projects. Example 2**

Mpo. de Ihuatán del Calle. Private areas for conservation

Municipio de Teocelo. Ornamental plants, for alternative income

Mpo. de Huatusco. Coffee crops management

Localización de las cuencas costeras del proyecto C6

Mpo. de Perote. Forest restoration. Parque Nacional Cofre de Perote.

C6 **3. Increase territorial connectivity to mitigate climate change and preserve the habitat of priority species**

Payment for ecosystems services considering watershed connectivity

Patrimonial fund for the conservation of biodiversity

INECC

CONAFOR

Fuente: CONAFOR

CONANP

C6 **4. Design of watersheds management PLANS**

Integrated management of watersheds.

Aproches:

- water as the unifying resource in the territory
- Prioritization of areas for intervention
- Coordination of stakeholders (common vision)

Evaluation of hydrological environmental services (HES)

- It identifies the key elements that provide the HES
- It relates areas of supply and demand for HES

Integration of potential impacts due to climate change projections on supply and demand for HES

Adaptation processes

C6 **4. Design of watersheds management PLANS** **INECC**

"... an instrument that reflects the territorial dynamics for the supply and demand of environmental services, in order to focus actions of sustainable and adaptive management"

Identifies relations of supply and demand of ES

WHAT TO DO?

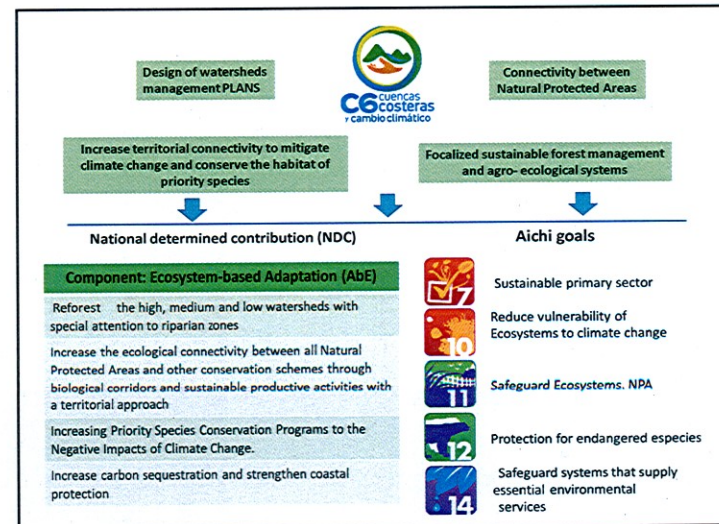
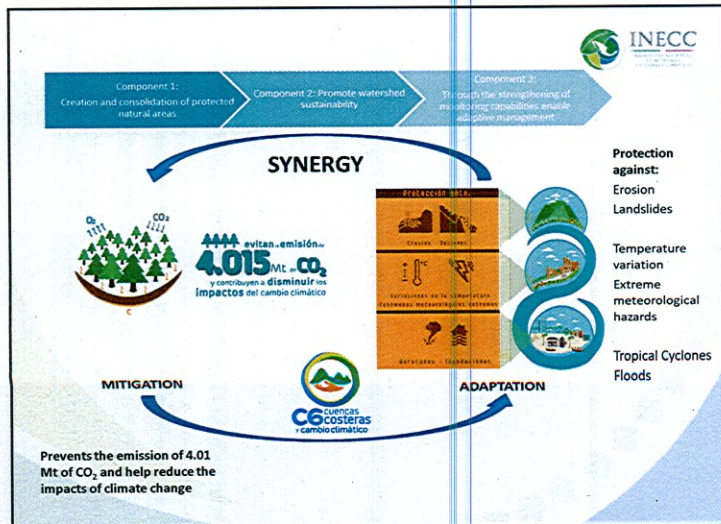
WHERE TO DO?

WHO CAN DO IT?

HOW MUCH?

Priority zone of demand

Priority zone of supply



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