

APPROVED
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Union Commission
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Regulation
on a procedure of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) over persons and vehicles, crossing customs border of customs union, of goods under control, moved through customs border of customs union and on customs territory of customs union

I. The Scope

1. Present Position about a procedure of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) over persons and vehicles, crossing customs border of the customs union, by goods under control, moved through customs border of the customs union and on customs territory of the customs union, (further – Position) is developed with a view of realization of positions of the Agreement on sanitary measures of customs union from December, 11th, 2009, in accordance with the Decision of Interstate Council of the Euroasian economic community (supreme body of customs union) at level of heads of the governments from December, 11th, 2009 № 28 and defines procedure of realization of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) on customs border of the customs union and customs territory of the customs union.

2. Position is obligatory for execution by authorities of member states of customs union, local governments, legal bodies of any organizational-legal form, individual businessmen, physical persons.

II. Terms and definitions

3. In this Position following terms and definitions with a view of the given document are used:

1) «legislation in the field of maintenance of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population» – laws and other relevant standard legal certificates, hygienic specifications, establishing sanitary-and-epidemiologic and hygienic requirements, including criteria of safety and (or) harmlessness of factors of an inhabitancy, production (goods), works and services for person, and regulating relations in the field of maintenance of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population as one of basic conditions of realisation of the rights of citizens for health protection and favorable environment;

2) «sanitary-quarantine point (further – CKII)» – specially equipped rooms for authorized staff and territory, intended for realisation of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) for persons, vehicles and goods under control at check points through customs border of the customs union, interstate transfer railway stations through customs border of the customs union (further – check

points), and placing of officials who are carrying out such control (further – officials, carrying out sanitary-quarantine control), and corresponding to typical requirements on equipment and hardware of buildings, premises and constructions, necessary for organisation of sanitary-quarantine control according to Appendix № 1);

3) «sanitary-and-epidemiologic and hygienic estimation (examination) of controlled goods (further –estimation)» – activity of authorised bodies on establishment of conformity (discrepancy) of controlled goods to Common sanitary-and-epidemiologic and hygienic requirements to goods, subjected to sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) (further – Common sanitary requirements^{*});

4) «sanitary-quarantine control» – kind of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) concerning persons, vehicles and controlled goods, carried out by officials who are occupied with sanitary-quarantine control, in check points, and directed on prevention of delivery and distribution of infectious and mass non infections (poisonings), import of production (goods) potentially hazardous to human health, demanding carrying out actions for sanitary protection of territory.

For the given Position the Parties are understood as state – members of the customs union.

4. Terms, specially not defined in present Position, are used in definitions, defined by other international contracts, also included within the limits of the customs union and the Euroasian economic community.

III. General provisions

5. The state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) for persons, vehicles, manufacture and realisation controlled goods, realisation of works and services on territory of the Parties is carried out according to present Position and legislation of the Parties in the field of maintenance of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population in part, which are not contradicting to positions of the Agreement on sanitary measures of the customs union from December, 11th, 2009.

6. Persons, guilty of infringement of the legislation in the field of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population, bear responsibility according to legislation of the Parties.

IV. Realization of the state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) over persons, vehicles and controlled goods on customs border of the customs union

7. Officials, carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, subject to sanitary-quarantine control of vehicles and also persons after their arrival (departure) on customs territory (from territory) of the customs union with the risk of occurrence

^{*} Common sanitary requirements are into action till the adoption of technical regulation for specific type of controlled goods by EvrAzEs.

of emergency situations in the field of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population.

Risks of occurrence of emergency situations in the field of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population are:

- arrival (departure) of a vehicle from countries (in the country) with areas, infected with illnesses, and from countries with areas of chemical and radiating accidents (according to information on countries' list, provided by the World Organization of Public health (further - WOPH))

- non presenting information on absence on board an air or sea (river) vessel of persons with suspicion on illness, demanding carrying out of actions on sanitary protection of territory according to Appendix № 2 (further – illness);

- Presence on a vehicle of persons, arrived on international flight from countries with areas, infected with illnesses, or arrived from such countries within incubatory period;

- Revealing, by the results of earlier sanitary-quarantine control, infringements of legislation in the field of maintenance of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population on a vehicle, carrying out international transportations;

- International mail with broken integrity, containing linen, clothes, bedding or other subjects of household use, ware, toys, which were in the use and have arrived from countries with infected areas or from zones of epidemics;

- Receipt of information on presence on a vehicle of persons with suspicion on illness;

- Presence of rodents or traces of their stay on a vehicle;

- Presence of insects on a vehicle, arrived from countries with infected areas, or from zones of epidemics;

- Establishment of the fact of vehicle movement, goods under control with heightened background radiation.

8. Sanitary-quarantine control over arriving (departing) vehicles on customs territory (from territory) of the customs union includes:

- Estimation of information, received from crew (commander or responsible crewman) of air, sea (river) vessel, before its arrival, according to a sanitary part of the general declaration of the plane, the sea medicosanitary declaration of sea (river) courts;

- Check of sanitary part of the general declaration of an aircraft, the sea medicosanitary declaration of sea (river) courts, certificates on passage by a sea (river) vessel of the sanitary control, the certificate on clearing of a sea (river) vessel from sanitary control, sanitary and trip magazines on a railway transportation, if necessary –international certificates on vaccination;

- Check of magazines of references registration of medical aid on passenger sea (river) courts;

- Visual survey of vehicles, crossing customs border of the customs union, interrogation of crewmen, train brigades, drivers of motor transport, passengers.

9. Vehicles, containers, stevedore barges, passengers' luggage, controlled goods, arrived from infected areas, in the presence of epidemiological indications

(presence of insects, rodents or traces of their stay), are exposed to disinfection, extermination of insects and (or) deratization.

10. The officials, carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, on demand of the commander or responsible crewman of an air, sea (river) vessel, chief of a train, driver of the vehicle, do a mark in transport and (or) travelling documents on application of sanitary measures to a vehicle.

11. With a view of prevention of delivery infectious and mass non infectious illnesses (poisonings) on customs territory of the customs union officials who are carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, in accordance with their competence carry out:

- Interrogation (questioning) of crewmen, arrived to check points, workers of train and locomotive brigades, drivers of motor transport and passengers on their health condition;

- Thermometry of crewmen, workers of locomotive brigades, drivers of motor transport and passengers (under epidemiological indications and in the presence of complaints);

- Organization of medical inspection in the presence of complaints to a state of health;

- Sanitary examination of a vehicle (nutrition unit, systems of water supply, systems of gathering and removal of all kinds of waste), and also examination on presence of carriers and infection carriers (insects, rodents or traces of their stay).

12. In case of presence on a vehicle of the patient (patients) or persons with suspicion on illness, on the basis of official instructions of the authorised bodies of the Parties, sea (river) vessels are sent by administration of check point to a sanitary (quarantine) mooring, aircrafts – on sanitary parking, trains – to sanitary railway deadlock (way), motor transport – on sanitary platform for carrying out sanitary-anti epidemic actions.

In presence of carriers of infections, live or fallen rodents, officials of the authorised bodies of the Parties organise or issue instruction on carrying out disinfection, extermination of insects and (or) deratization actions.

13. Sanitary-anti epidemic actions, ordered to transport (transportation) vehicle, cargoes and concerning sick (suspicious on illness), are started immediately, carried out and ended without delays and discrimination in volume, not exceeding the requirement of the International medicosanitary rules (2005) and sanitary-and-epidemiologic legislation of the Party, where actions are taken place, according to the Appendix № 3.

14. Sanitary-quarantine control of controlled goods on customs border of the customs union includes:

- Control of documents, confirming safety of products (goods), and their compliance with transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents;

- Survey, organisation of sample selection (sampling) of goods under control, which included in section II Common list of goods, subjected to sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) on customs border and customs territory of the customs union (further – Common inventory) for carrying out estimation in cases, specified in point 2 of present Position;

- Participation (under the reference of customs bodies) in checks of transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents, survey, organisation of sample selection (sampling) for estimation of goods under control, included in the Common inventory.

15. Officials who are occupied with sanitary-quarantine control, examine goods under control, arrived on customs territory of the customs union, in the presence of following sanitary-and-epidemiologic indications:

- Receipt of information on arrival of goods under control inappropriate to Common sanitary requirements;

- Presence of information on discrepancy of goods under control to declared in transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents;

- Revealing of infringements of transportation conditions, integrity of containers, stevedore barges, package damage.

16. Movement of goods under control, included in Common inventory, through customs border of the customs union is allowed only in specific check points, defined by the Parties, opened for international communication where state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) is carried out, which list is given by Secretary of the Commission of the customs union to the Parties.

17. Import of goods under control, included in section II of Common inventory, on customs territory of the customs union is carried out with document, confirming safety of production (goods), given out by results of laboratory researches (tests), executed in laboratories of authorised bodies, accredited (certified) in national systems of accreditation (certification) of the Parties, and included in Common register on certification and test laboratories (centres) of the customs union.

Confirmation of presence of the document, confirming safety of production (goods), is:

original document, confirming safety of production (goods), or its copy, assured by the body which issued it or the addressee of the specified document;

or an extract from the Register of certificates on the state registration with identification of document requisites, confirming safety of products (goods), names of products (goods), manufacturer, addressee and body which issued the document, confirming safety of production (goods);

or electronic form of specified documents, assured by electronic digital signature.

Recognition of documents, confirming safety of products (goods), given out one of the Parties, is carried out without renewal of specified documents on documents of the Party of destination and without carrying out for these purposes repeated laboratory researches (tests).

Documents, confirming safety of production (goods), issued by authorised bodies of the Parties before coming into force of the Agreement of the customs union on sanitary measures, operate exclusively on territory of the Party which have given out given documents, within specified term, but not later than January, 1st, 2012, and are the basis for import permission for goods under control on

customs territory of the customs union and release for realization on territory of the Party, which issued given documents.

18. Goods under control, moved through customs border of the customs union, have to correspond to Common sanitary requirements.

19. On customs territory of the customs union import of goods under control without documents, confirming safety of production (goods), is allowed at presence in transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents of data that imported goods are listed in section III of Common inventory.

At import of samples of goods under control it is necessary to present covering letter of the producer (manufacturer) about produced (manufactured) specified samples.

20. At check points officials who are carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, within their competence check documents that confirm safety of products (goods), transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents for goods under control, included in sections II, III of Common inventory, and at the establishment of their conformity to requirements, established by points 17 or 19 of present Positions, put down a stamp «Import is allowed» with instructions on the name of authorised body, date and signature in one of transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents, and also put a mark by personal number press.

21. According to legislation and (or) international agreements of the Parties control over presence of documents, confirming safety of production (goods), imported on customs territory of the customs union, can be assigned to customs bodies of the Parties.

22. Officials who are carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, organise estimation of goods under control in following cases:

- Infringement of transportation conditions, integrity of containers, stevedore barges, etc.;

- Package damage;

- Arrival of goods from countries, unfavorable in epidemiological relation, and (or) from infected as a result of radioactive, chemical and biological accidents of areas (at revealing of exceeding admissible values of capacity of radiation dose and superficial pollution by radio nuclides at transportation of radioactive materials; dangerous cargoes in damaged package with signs of contents' leak), and (or) with signs of presence of rodents and insects;

- Receipt of information on discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements;

- Presence of information on discrepancy of goods under control declared in transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents.

For carrying out of estimation of goods under control the decision on their placing is accepted together with customs bodies.

By results of an estimation of goods under control the official who carry out sanitary-quarantine control, makes the decision on import permission or prohibition on customs territory of the customs union of given goods under control.

23. At establishing discrepancy of goods under control to requirements, listed in point 17 or 19 present Positions and (or) Common sanitary requirements, by officials who are carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, import of such goods is not allowed, on what the carrier (consignor) is notified in writing.

In one of transport (transportation) and (or) commercial documents officials who are carrying out sanitary-quarantine control, put down a stamp «Import is forbidden» with identification of name of the authorised body, date and signature, and also put a mark by personal number press.

24. Goods under control, in which relation the decision is accepted on import ban on customs territory of the customs union, are subjected to immediate export from customs territory of the customs union if other is not established by the legislation and (or) the international agreements of the Parties.

Acceptance of measures on export of specified goods is assigned on a carrier or to their owner if other is not established by the legislation and (or) the international agreements of the Parties.

25. In case of impossibility of export of goods under control that do not correspond to Common sanitary requirements, or failures of its immediate export, these goods are subjected to detention for the purpose of destruction or other use in conformity with the legislation of the Parties.

26. Territorial division of the authorised body of the Party, which revealed discrepancy of controlled goods to Common sanitary requirements, immediately directs information on a prohibition (termination) of its import to the head of the authorised body of the Party (his assistant).

Head (its assistant) of the authorised body of the Party that revealed discrepancy, leads up the information of prohibition to heads of authorised bodies (their assistants) of other Parties, and ensures its immediate inclusion into Information system of the Euroasian economic community in the field of technical regulation, sanitary and fytosanitary measures and the Integrated information system of external and mutual trade of the customs union.

Data on authorised bodies of the Parties is given by Secretary of the Commission of the customs union to the Parties.

V. Interaction of officials of state control bodies in check points through customs border of the customs union

27. In case of revealing on vehicles among arrived patients, carriers and (or) carriers of dangerous infectious diseases, and also revealing of goods under control, which are not corresponding to Common sanitary requirements, officials who are occupied with sanitary-quarantine control, carry out coordination of corresponding necessary actions of all state control bodies at check points.

28. Authorised bodies together with other state control bodies organise and provide joint regular preparation (training doctrines, employment, instructing) of personnel of the organizations, carrying out international transportations, officials, who are occupied with state control at check point, concerning interaction, revealing of patients with symptoms of illnesses, carriers, carriers of activators of illnesses, carrying out sanitary-anti epidemic actions in case of revealing persons

with suspicion on illness.

At carrying out of customs control of the goods, moved through customs border of the customs union and subjected to control by other state control bodies, customs bodies provide general coordination of such actions and their simultaneous implementation in an order, defined by legislation of the Parties.

Customs bodies and state control bodies exchange information (data) and (or) documents, necessary for carrying out customs and other kinds of state control, with the use of information systems and technologies.

VI. Realization of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) of goods under control on customs territory of the customs union

29. Manufacturer and person who is carrying out import of goods under control on customs territory of the customs union, bear responsibility for its conformity to Common sanitary requirements during all period of industrial manufacturing of goods under control or deliveries of goods under control on customs territory of the customs union.

30. Circulation of goods under control, included in section of II of Common inventory, on customs territory of the customs union is carried out in the presence of document, confirming safety of production (goods), given out by results of laboratory researches (tests), made in laboratories of authorised bodies, accredited (certified) in national systems of accreditation (certification) of the Parties, and bodies, included in the Common register on certification and test laboratories (centres) of the customs union.

Confirmation of document presence, confirming safety of production (goods), is:

Original document, confirming safety of production (goods), or its copy, assured by issued body or the addressee of the specified document;

Or an extract from the Register of certificates on state registration on goods, which are subjected to sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control) on customs border and customs territory of the customs union, with instructions of requisites of the document, confirming safety of products (goods), names of products (goods), manufacturer, addressee and the body, which has given out the document, confirming safety of products (goods);

Or electronic form of specified documents, assured by electronic digital signature.

The recognition of the document, confirming safety of production (goods), issued by one of the Parties, is carried out without renewal of the specified document on documents of the Party of destination and without carrying out repeated laboratory researches (tests) in these purposes.

31. Documents, confirming safety of products (goods), issued by authorised bodies of the Parties before coming into force of the Agreement of the customs union on sanitary measures, operate exclusively on territory of the Party, issued these documents, within specified term, but not later than January, 1st 2012.

During the period from July, 1st, till January, 1st, 2012 on common customs territory of the customs union circulation of production, on which documents,

certifying safety of production (goods), are issued by authorised bodies of the Parties till June, 30th, 2010, within specified term, is made at its conformity to requirements, operating as of June, 30th, 2010, of legislation of the Party where production is realized.

Till January, 1st, 2011 on goods under control, included in section of II of Common inventory, which circulation will be carried out exclusively on territory of one of the Parties, documents can be issued confirming safety of production (goods) according to requirements of legislation of the Party where specified controlled goods are going to be realized. The document, which confirms safety of production (goods) and was issued according to the legislation of the Party, operates exclusively on territory of the Party, issued given document, till January, 1st, 2012.

32. Authorised bodies of the Parties have the right to request reports of laboratory researches (tests). on which basis the document is issued, confirming safety of production (goods), at authorised bodies, issued the given document, in following cases:

- Establishments of discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements during carrying out state sanitary - epidemiological supervision (control);

- Necessities of reception of additional information on controlled goods.

33. At realization of goods under control authorised bodies of the Parties have the right to execute sampling on controlled territory for carrying out laboratory researches (tests) in following cases:

- Under epidemiological indications;

- At receipt of the information from state structures of the Parties and public organisations about infringements of the legislation in the field of maintenance of sanitary-and-epidemiologic well-being of the population, justified complaints from the population on quality and safety of goods under control;

- At carrying out sanitary-and-epidemiologic inspection of the object during realization of state sanitary-and-epidemiologic supervision (control).

34. In case of establishment of discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements, except cases specified in paragraph 2 of point 31 of present Position, heads of territorial divisions of the authorised bodies of the Parties (their assistants) take measures, specified by the legislation of the Parties, and also:

- Make the decision on prohibition of realization of goods under control inappropriate to Common sanitary requirements;

- Direct information on the fact of discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements to the head of authorised body of the Party (his assistant).

The head of authorised body of the Party (his assistant), who revealed discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements, immediately directs information on establishing the fact of discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements to heads of authorised bodies of the Parties (their assistants), heads of customs bodies of the Parties for acceptance

of measures, connected with import restriction and realization of non confirmative controlled goods to Common sanitary requirements. Thus given information is immediately brought in Information system of the Euroasian economic community in the field of technical regulation, sanitary and fytosanitary measures and Integrated information system of external and mutual trade of the customs union.

In the information the following data is specified:

- Name of goods under control, producer (manufacturer);
- Number and party volume;
- Name accompanying documents and data on controlled goods;
- List of indicators, on which discrepancy to Common sanitary requirements, is revealed, by who and when;
- Taken measures;
- Name of the authorised body, issued the document, confirming safety of production (goods), or organization, registered the declaration.

Information is not directed and brought into Information system of the Euroasian economic community in the field of technical regulation, sanitary and fytosanitary measures and Integrated information system of external and mutual trade of the customs union in cases if discrepancy of production to Common sanitary requirements is connected with infringement of transportation conditions, storage, realisation of goods under control.

35. At reception of the information on revealed discrepancy of goods under control to Common sanitary requirements the head of authorised body of the Party (his assistant), who issued the document, confirming safety of production (goods), makes the decision on necessity of resolution on suspension of document operation, confirming safety of production (goods).

36. Action of the document, confirming safety of production (goods), issued by authorised bodies under the Common form, is suspended or ceased in following cases:

- Establishment of fact of discrepancy of controlled goods to Common sanitary requirements, authentically not connected with infringements of transportation conditions, storage and realisation of goods under control;
- Acceptance by the Commission of the customs union of changes of safety indicators of goods under control, based on results of development of modern level of scientific knowledge;
- Receipt of information from authorised bodies of the Parties, carrying out and (or) co-ordinating works on technical regulation, sanitary, veterinary and fytosanitary measures, from international organisations or from states that are not members of the customs union, that goods under control, pose hazard to human life and health.

The information on stay, renewal or cancellation of the document confirming safety of production (goods), immediately goes to heads (their assistants) authorised bodies of the Parties and is brought in Information system of the Euroasian economic community in the field of technical regulation, sanitary and fytosanitary measures and the Integrated information system of external and mutual trade of the customs union.

37. In cases of document reissuance, confirming safety of production (goods), provided by point 16 of this Position about order of registration and delivery of the Common form of the document, confirming safety of production (goods), circulation of goods under control for time, needed for replacement of documents, confirming safety of production (goods), is not suspended.

38. At disagreement of one of the Parties with results of laboratory researches (tests) of goods under control repeated researches (test) can be made in accredited laboratories, defined by the Parties as arbitration or in accredited laboratories of the third party.

39. In cases of occurrence on territory of one of the Parties emergency situation of sanitary-and-epidemiologic character creating, threatening to public health, authorised body of this Party informs about it within 24 hours, and also about taken sanitary measures of other Parties and directs information to Information system of the Euroasian economic community in the field of technical regulation, sanitary and fytosanitary measures and Integrated information system of external and mutual trade of the customs union.

40. Results of sanitary-quarantine control are registered in registration forms according to Appendix № 4.

41. Heads of authorised bodies of the Parties (their assistants) annually till February, 15th direct to Secretary of the Commission of the customs union information on a form about actions for sanitary protection of customs territory of the customs union in accordance with appendix № 4 for its placing on official site of the customs union in the Internet.

Standard Requirements to Equipment and Technique of Buildings, Premises and Structures Necessary for Arrangement of Sanitary and Quarantine Control at Automobile (Road), Railway, River, Sea Checkpoints and at Airport Checkpoints (Air Checkpoints) on the Customs Border of the Customs Union (hereinafter referred to as the Standard Requirements)

I. General Provisions

1. These Standard Requirements define the requirements to technique of buildings, premises and structures of checkpoints necessary for sanitary and quarantine control of persons, vehicles and controllable goods.

2. It shall be provided for at a checkpoint:

complex of premises of SQP;

premises for temporary isolation;

sanitary parking lot (sanitary site, sanitary railway dead-end track, sanitary quay);

complex of specially equipped buildings, premises, structures designed for examination of goods, chemical, biological and radioactive substances, waste and other cargo constituting a danger to a person; at checkpoints designed for import on the customs territory of the customs union of goods, chemical, biological and radioactive substances, waste and other cargo constituting a danger to a person;

complex of specially equipped buildings, premises, structures designed for examination of food products, materials and goods; at checkpoints designed for import on the customs territory of the customs union of food products, materials and goods being in contact with food raw materials and food products.

3. Floor area, quantity, equipment and outfit of the above premises as well as the possibility of combination thereof shall be determined by the authorized body of the Party taking into account cargo traffic and passenger traffic at the checkpoint, working hours of the checkpoint.

II. Complex of Premises of Sanitary and Quarantine Point

4. Premises of SQP shall be equipped with the air conditioning system, fire-fighting alarm system and fire-fighting appliances, warning system in case of emergency.

5. The SQP complex provides for rooms for specialists on duty, room for the head (chief) of SQP, accommodation space, premises for storage of sanitary and antiepidemic property, premises for storage, premises for sanitary unit equipped taking into account floor area per one specialist in accordance with Section VII of these Standard Requirements.

6. SQP shall be equipped with motor transport in order to provide for immediacy in case of delivering samples of controllable goods to the laboratory.

7. SQP shall be equipped with the following sanitary and antiepidemic property and control tools:

- refrigerator for samples subject to laboratory examination;
- cooling box or thermos with cooling medium;
- equipment for distance body temperature measurement;
- medical thermometers (10 pcs);
- radiometers-dose meters (2 pcs);
- portable electric torches with autonomous power supply and capacity necessary for execution of written work (at least 2 pcs);
- disposable individual antiplague (protective) suits of the 1st type (per 2 suits per one SQP specialist per shift);
- reusable protective suits (per 1 suit per one SQP specialist);
- gown (per 2 gowns per every specialist per shift);
- gloves: medical (100 pairs); rubber household gloves (thick) (10 pairs);
- protective (disposable) medical respiratory masks (200 pcs);
- means of individual protection of skin and respiratory organs (gas mask) for every specialist;
- rubber or polyethylene apron; rubber-coated or polyethylene oversleeves (2 pairs);
- disposable disinfectant tissues for personal protection of SQP employees (50 pcs);
- spray repellents (5 pcs);
- spray insecticides (5 pcs);
- first aid kit (car type);
- cotton wool;
- disinfectant;
- containers: one graduated for preparation of disinfectant solutions; one for handwash; two for disinfection of protective clothes; one for disinfection of protection glasses; three for collection and disinfection of wastes of sick persons;
- boxes: for collection of materials of the sick person (suspect) for cholera test; for collection of samples from environmental objects; for delivery of rodent and blood-sucking insect corpses to the laboratory; for immediate personal protection.

Replenishment of boxes and replacement of sanitary and antiepidemic property of SQP shall be carried out on a regular basis upon expiry of validity periods of drugs and medical inventory.

III. Premises for Temporary Isolation

8. Premises for temporary isolation of suspects are allocated and equipped at checkpoints (hereinafter referred to as premises for temporary isolation).

9. Premises for temporary isolation:

- are located at stand-alone building or can be isolated from other premises at the checkpoint (they shall have separate entrance);
- are equipped with separate forced combined extract and input ventilation. Walls and floors are made from materials allowing wet processing and disinfection.

10. Premises for temporary isolation at the checkpoint consist of:

- room for temporary isolation of suspects;
- room for medical worker, lobby, toilet, shower in accordance with Section VIII of these Standard Requirements.

11. Should the medical station be available at the checkpoint, premises for temporary isolation can be included in its composition.

IV. Sanitary Parking Lot for Placement of Vehicle where Contagious Patient (Suspect) was Found

12. Sanitary site at the automobile (road) checkpoint is placed at the entrance to the checkpoint, is constantly free for unobstructed access of ambulances and evacuation transport. The site shall be fenced, marked by notice boards, have asphalt (hard) surface and equipped with drainage system for collection of surface run-off of special solutions used during transport processing for further desactivation or disinfection.

The sanitary site at the automobile (road) checkpoint shall have the following:

- centralized portable water supply systems;
- systems for collection and utilization of waste (containers for waste collection with covers);
- artificial exterior lightning;
- toilet for two persons equipped with facilities for collection of waste water and disinfection of waste water prior to collection at common sewage systems of the checkpoint or composting toilets (with determination of their permanent locations) and sinks for handwash.

13. The sanitary parking lot at the airport checkpoint (air checkpoints) with international flights provides for availability of the following:

- asphalt cover of the site with the possibility of placing the aircraft;
- fences with notice boards;
- centralized portable water supply systems;
- systems for collection and utilization of waste (containers for waste collection with covers);
- artificial exterior lightning;
- composting toilets (with determination of permanent storage locations of composting toilets in the absence of risks of emergency occurrence in the area of ensuring sanitary and epidemiological well-being of the population).

14. Availability of asphalt (hard) surface and fence with notice boards is provided for at the site of sanitary railway dead-end track. The location of the track shall enhance safety of train movement and be constantly free for unobstructed access of ambulances and evacuation transport.

The sanitary railway dead-end track shall have:

- facilities for connecting railcars to electric power, cold water supply, telephone communication, central sewage system, cesspool or containers (corrosion resistant with the volume over 200 liters) from sewage pipes of railcars;
- artificial lightning of the territory, external accommodation space and auxiliary space;

- movable autonomous toilets (compositing toilets) with determination of permanent storage locations of compositing toilets in the absence of risks of emergency occurrence in the area of ensuring sanitary and epidemiological well-being of the population;

- site with asphalt surface, fenced from three sides, with installation at least two metal or plastic rubbish bins (containers) with closely fitting covers;

- back office or storage (stationary or temporary) premises, the set and floor area of which is individual and depends upon technical equipment of sanitary railway dead-end track.

15. It is provided that at the site of the sanitary quay there is asphalt (hard) surface and fences with notice boards, premises for persons protecting the quay and placement of medical workers for the time of taking sanitary and antiepidemic measures. The access road to the sanitary quay has asphalt (hard) surface.

The following is provided at the sanitary quay:

- portable water supply systems for supplying water to ships (hydrant, water boat);

- sufficient exterior electric lightning;

- compressor plant of sufficient capacity with calarifier for supplying preheated air to ships during the disinfection period;

- systems for collection and utilization of waste (container for waste collection with covers, ship collecting sewage and fecal water);

- compositing toilets (with determination of permanent storage locations of compositing toilets in the absence of risks of emergency occurrence in the area of ensuring sanitary and epidemiological well-being of the population).

V. Complex of Specially Equipped Buildings, Premises, Structures Designed for Examination and Temporary Storage of Goods, Chemical, Biological and Radioactive Substances, Waste and other Cargo Constituting a Danger to a Person

16. Checkpoints designed for import of chemical, biological and radioactive substances, waste and other goods and cargo constituting a danger to a person shall have the following:

- sanitary sites, warehouses for temporary storage of chemical, biological and radioactive substances, waste and other cargo constituting a danger to a person;

- special site for pressurization of cargo with damaged packaging with further degassing, disinfection and (or) desactivation of unit loads having evidence of leakage of their content equipped with special system of collection and disposal of dangerous waste;

- sites for repair, cleaning of tares and repackaging of dangerous cargo equipped with special system of collection and disposal of dangerous waste;

- sites designed for work with dangerous cargo shall be fenced in order to prevent access of unauthorized persons.

VI. Complex of Specially Equipped Buildings, Premises, Structures Designed for Examination and Temporary Storage of Food Products, Materials and Goods

17. It is provided that checkpoints designed for import of food products, materials and goods being in contact with food raw materials and food products shall have special sites and warehouses for food products, materials and goods, including cooling equipment in order to ensure necessary storage conditions.

VII. Space and Equipment for Premises of the SQP Complex

| Name of premises | Area | Furniture | Equipment | Communication |
|---|----------|---|---|---|
| Rooms for specialists (per 1 working place) | 12 sq. m | Table, chairs, cabinet for documents, safe, conditioner, on-air radio, clothing cabinet | PC, printer, telephone, calculator, mobile phone on every working place; scanner, xerographic printer, fax, FM band radio (2-5 W) - one set per SQP | City telephone with the possibility of long-distance communication, internal (of the checkpoint), mobile, modem with the access to the Internet, radio communications |
| Accommodation space | 12 sq. m | Cabinet for outdoor clothes and working clothing, sofa, table, chairs, TV set, on-air radio | Microwave oven, refrigerator, electric kettle | Internal telephone |
| Storage room for sanitary antiepidemic property | 10 sq. m | Sliding-door wardrobes (shelves) | - | - |
| Storeroom | 6 sq. m | Shelves for storage of disinfectant and household equipment | Exhaust hood | - |
| Sanitary unit | 6 sq. m | | Shower cabin, wash sink, toilet bowl | |

VIII. Space and Equipment of Premises for Temporary Isolation of Sick Person at the Checkpoint

| Name of premises | Area | Furniture, articles of care of sick persons: | Equipment | Communication |
|----------------------------------|----------|--|---|---|
| Premises for temporary isolation | 12 sq. m | 1 bed for choleraic sick, medical couch, 1 bedside table, 1 cabinet for personal items of choleraic sick persons, medical cabinet, 1 table for manipulations, 2 chairs, 2 bedpans, rubber sheet, 2 sets of bedding, 2 mattresses, 4 pillows, 2 wool blankets, butylated water, 2 feeding cups, disposable glasses. | Telephone, bactericidal irradiator of air of closed type, wash stand, toilet bowl, shower | Telephone, mobile, radio communications |
| Lobby | 6 sq. m | Shelves for storage of disinfectant and household equipment, medical stretcher, inventory | | |
| Room for medical worker | 10 sq. m | Working table, cabinet for documents, chair, cabinet for outdoor clothes and working clothing | Telephone | Telephone, mobile, facsimile communications |
| Toilet, shower | 6 sq. m | | Shower cabin, wash sink, toilet bowl | |

Note: if it is impossible to equip premises for temporary isolation, immediate evacuation of a suspect to health care organizations shall be provided for.

THE LIST
of Infective (Parasitic) Diseases Requiring
Measures on Sanitary Protection of the Customs Territory of the Customs
Union

| Pos. No. | Clinical entity | Code according to ICD-10 |
|-----------------|---|--|
| 1 | Smallpox | B 03 |
| 2 | Poliomyelitis due to wild poliovirus | A80.1, A80.2 |
| 3 | Influenza due to new virus subtype | J 10, J 11 |
| 4 | Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) | |
| 5 | Cholera | A.00: A.00.0; A00.1; A00,9 |
| 6 | Plague | A20: A20.0; A20.1; A20.2; A20.3; A20.7; A20.8; A20.9 |
| 7 | Yellow fever | A95: A95.0, A95.1, A95,9 |
| 8 | Lassa fever | A96.2 |
| 9 | Marburg virus disease | A98.3 |
| 10 | Ebola virus disease | A98.4 |
| 11 | Malaria | B50, B51, B52, B53.0 |
| 12 | West Nile virus infection | A92.3 |
| 13 | Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever | A98.0 |
| 14 | Dengue fever | A90, A91 |
| 15 | Rift Valley fever | A92.4 |
| 16 | Meningococcal infection | A39.0, A39.1, A39.2 |
| 17 | Anthrax | A22.0, A22.1, A22.2, A22.7, A22.8, A22.9 |
| 18 | Brucellosis | A23.0, A23.1, A23.2, A23.8, A23.9 |
| 19 | Tuberculosis | A16.0, , A16.1, A16.2, A16.3, A16.4, A16.5 |
| 20 | Glanders | A24.0, A24.1, A24.2, A24.3, A24.4 |
| 21 | Melioidosis | A24.0, A24.1, A24.2, A24.3, A24.4 |
| 22 | Epidemic typhus fever | A75.0, A75.1, A75.2, A75.3, A75.9 |
| 23 | Junín, Machupo fever | A96.0, A96.1 |
| 24 | Other infective diseases provoking emergency conditions in the area of public health having international meaning in accordance with Supplement No. 2 to the International Health Regulations (2005). | |

Sanitary and Antiepidemic Measures (in case of detection of sick or suspect persons requiring measures on sanitary protection of the territory)

1. Sanitary and antiepidemic measures include:

- informing (using available communication facilities) the checkpoint administration, shift bosses of border and customs duty details of suspects arriving to the customs territory of the customs union;
- informing the authorized bodies of the Parties of diseases requiring measures on sanitary protection of the territory in accordance with the notification scheme;
- arrangement of moving a vehicle to the sanitary quay, sanitary parking lot, sanitary site, sanitary railway dead-end track upon the decision of the checkpoint administration;
- suspension of movement of a vehicle and leaving of crew members, passengers, unloading of luggage, cargo;
- suspension of border, customs and other types of state control;
- arrangement of ensuring protection of a vehicle and persons located therein until completion of antiepidemic measures;
- immediate temporary isolation of sick person (suspect) at the place of detection or in the premises for temporary isolation of sick person with arrangement of further hospitalization to the institutions (organizations) engaged in rendering medioprophyllactic aid for the period necessary for exclusion of the diagnosis and in case of confirmation thereof until complete recovery of sick person;
- emergency personal protection of officials engaged in sanitary and quarantine control in relation to epidemiologic indications;
- arrangement of epidemiologic investigation for the purposes of determination of causes and conditions for occurrence of the effective disease area as well as detection of persons being in contact with sick persons and (or) suspects;
- detection, isolation and (or) arrangement of medical observation over persons having been in contact with sick persons, including passengers, crew members (team) of a vehicle, officials of state control authorities of the checkpoint, within the incubation period of disease upon the moment of arrival or isolation. Isolation and observance can be cancelled in case of exclusion of the diagnosis;
- questioning of persons being in contact with sick persons with further evacuation with vehicles to the temporary isolator;
- arrangement of collection of biological materials from sick persons (suspects) and persons being in contact with sick persons (on indicators) for laboratory examination;
- arrangement of disinfection and in case of detection of rodents or insects - deratization, disinsection of vehicles, cargo and luggage;

- in case of detection of dead rodents, selection and delivery to the laboratory for laboratory examination shall be carried out.

2. Should foreign citizens refuse from hospitalization, further measures shall be taken in accordance with the laws of the Parties.

3. If it is detected that a person crossing the customs border of the customs union has a disease or cargo is suspected in contamination of agents of disease, the accepting party retains the right to forbid entry, transit of foreign citizens (sick persons or persons being in contact with them) or import of controllable goods (products) to its territory.

4. Upon completion of sanitary and quarantine control as well as termination of sanitary and antiepidemic measures taken if necessary, officials of other state control authorities are allowed to vehicle or natural persons for fulfilment of their duties.

5. In case of detection of the laws of the Parties or the customs union in the area of ensuring sanitary and epidemic well-being of the population as well as under the threat of occurrence or spread of infectious diseases or mass non-infectious diseases (poisoning), on the basis of the examination certificate drawn up by an official performing sanitary and quarantine control, the head (deputy head) of the authorized body of the Party or its territorial subdivision shall issue instructions to responsible persons at least within 24 hours obligatory for execution by them within the established periods:

- on elimination of detected violations of the laws in the area of sanitary and epidemic well-being of the population;

- on laboratory examination of persons being in contact with infectious sick persons and medical observance over such persons;

- on estimation of controllable goods which can cause mass non-infectious diseases (poisoning);

- on taking additional sanitary and antiepidemic (preventive) measures;

- on executing works on disinfection, disinsection and deratization in a vehicle at the checkpoint.

6. Upon arrival of the vehicle with diseased due to diseases to the checkpoint at the customs border of the customs union requiring measures on sanitary protection, officials carrying out sanitary and quarantine control shall:

- use notification schemes concerning diseases requiring measures on sanitary protection of the territory and operational plan of sanitary and antiepidemic measures;

- notify the respective services for arrangement of removal and transportation of a corpse to the morgue with observance of special conditions of transportation;

- take such measures in vehicle as in case of diseased person.

Accounting and Reporting Forms

Form Y-1
Approved by

January _____, 201__

Register of Taking over and Passing of Duty

SQP _____

Started on _____
Ended on _____
Keeping time is 2 years

| date | Full name of the SQP specialist on duty | Time of taking over duty | Signature of SQP specialists | Time of passing of duty | Note | Signature of SQP specialists |
|------|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Form Y-2

Approved by

January _____, 201__

Register of Sanitary and Quarantine Control of Vehicle
ARRIVAL, EXIT: separate registers

SQP _____

Started on _____

Ended on _____

Keeping time is 5 years

| No. | Date, time | Name, No. (IMO) of vehicle | Full name of the head (captain, commander, driver) | belonging, shipping agent | Route | Number (of cars) name of cargo | Number of passengers/crew members | Certificate of passing sanitary control (release from sanitary control) | Permit to free relations with the port (airport), No., date, time | Presence of infectious sick persons | Types of sanitary violations | | | | | | | Signature of the specialist |
|-----|------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | total | including in the area of | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Water supply | Food | Epidemiological requirements | Removal of waste | Equipment with facilities, inventory | Other | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Column No. 3 shall include restaurant cars in separate line

Column No. 9 shall be completed for ships

Column No. 10 shall be completed for ships and aircrafts

Column 11 shall be completed in case of presence of available information

Form Y-5

Approved by

January ____, 201__

Register of Transportation of Corpses

SQP _____

Started on _____

Ended on _____

Keeping time is 5 years

CUSTOMS UNION

STATISTICAL OBSERVATION

CONFIDENTIALITY IS GUARANTEED BY THE RECIPIENT OF INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON MEASURES ON SANITARY PROTECTION OF THE CUSTOMS TERRITORY OF
THE CUSTOMS UNION
for 20...

| Presented by: | Periods for presentation |
|---|----------------------------|
| Heads (Deputy Heads) of the authorized bodies of states-members of the Customs Union shall direct to the Secretariat of the Commission of the Customs Union | Annually until February 15 |

Form No. 1KT

Annual

Name of the authorized body

Mailing address

| | No. of | Arrival to the customs territory of the customs union | | | | Exit from the customs territory of the customs union | | | |
|--|-----------|---|-------|-------------------|------------|--|-------|-------------------|------------|
| | | air transport | water | railway transport | automobile | air transport | water | railway transport | automobile |

Notification No. _____
dated _____, **200**__

_____ (to carrier or other person authorized in relation to cargo)

During sanitary and quarantine control over the controllable goods

(name of goods, number of transport document)

imported to the customs territory of the customs union it has been detected that it does not conform to the Regulations for the Procedure for State Sanitary and Epidemiological Supervision (Control) Over Persons and Vehicles Crossing the Customs Border of the Customs Union, Controllable Goods Being Transferred through the Customs Border of the Customs Union and in the Customs Territory of the Customs Union (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations) approved by Decision of the Commission of the Customs Union No. 299 dated May 28, 2010 in a part of:

- absence of the document confirming safety of products (goods) in a part of its correspondence to sanitary and epidemiological and hygiene requirements¹
- absence of information in the submitted transport (shipment) and (or) commercial documents concerning the fact that the product relates to products in relation to which submission of the certificate of state registration is not required in accordance with Section III of the Unified List of Goods Subject to Sanitary and Epidemiological Supervision (Control) on the Customs Border and in the Customs Territory of the Customs Union²
- absence of the accompanying letter from the manufacturer (producer) concerning the fact that the specified samples have been manufactured (produced) by it when importing products (goods) as samples³
- temporary sanitary measure is taken in relation to the product in the form of ban of import to the territory of the state-member of the customs union⁴.

On the basis of the above, **it is prohibited to import** _____
name of the product

received under _____
(name and number of the transport document)

_____ of the sanitary and quarantine point (position of the specialist taken the decision)

(name of the checkpoint) (signature, full name of the specialist)

PNS (personal numbered seal)

The notification is received by _____ (position, surname, signature)

The notification is made in two duplicates.

Tel.: _____

- ¹- Clause 17 of the Regulations;
- ²- Clause 19 of the Regulations;
- ³- Clause 19 of the Regulations.
- ⁴- Article 9 of the Customs Union Agreement for Sanitary Measures.