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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

INVESTMENT

Article 2101: Scope and Coverage

- 1. This Chapter shall apply to measures of the Parties affecting:
 - a) investments of investors of a Party in the territory of another Party existing at the time of entry into force of this Agreement as well as to investments made or acquired thereafter by such investors;
 - b) investors of a Party in the establishment, acquisition, expansion, management, conduct, operation and sale or other disposition of investments in the territory of another Party; and
 - c) all investments in the territory of any Party as provided in Article 2109.
- MEX[2. A Party (Mexico) has the right to exclusively perform the economic activities set forth in Annex I and to exclude foreign investment from such activities.]
 - 3. This Chapter shall not apply to:
 - a) [financial services except as provided in the Chapter on Financial Services:1
 - b) CDA (except as provided in the Chapter on Government Procurement); and
- 4. Nothing in this Chapter² shall be construed to prevent a Party from providing services or functions such as public welfare services and services forming part of a statutory system of social security, public health care, public education, and public retirement plans.
- 5. The requirement by a Party that a service provider of another Party post a bond or other form of financial security before providing a service into its territory does not of itself make this Chapter applicable to the provision of that cross-border service. This Chapter shall apply to that Party's treatment of the posted bond or financial security.

U.S. Note - Further coordination with financial services may be necessary.

Canada doing redraft. A generic provision may be needed to address the subject matter of this provision.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

- 6. In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Chapter and the Telecommunications Annex, the provisions of that Annex shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- 7. Each Party reserves the right to deny to an enterprise of another Party the advantages of this Chapter if:
 - a) nationals of any non-Party own or control such enterprise and such enterprise has no substantial business activities in the territory of the Party under whose laws it is constituted; or
 - b) such enterprise is owned or controlled by nationals of a non-Party in respect of whose investors or investments the denying Party imposes specific (prohibition) sanctions or with which such Party does not maintain diplomatic relations.

Article 2102: Environmental Measures

Issues of overlap need to be addressed.

This language is being negotiated in a separate group.

Watergate Composite Investment

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

TREATMENT OF INVESTMENTS

Article 2103: National Treatment

- 1. Each Party shall accord to an investor of another Party treatment no less favorable than that which it accords, in like circumctances, to its own investors in respect of the establishment, acquisition, expansion, management, conduct, operation and sale or other disposition of investments in its territory.
- 2. Each Party shall accord to investments of investors of another Party treatment no less favorable than that which it accords, in like circumstances, to investments of its own investors [USA [and in particular] in respect of the establishment, acquisition, expansion, management, conduct, and operation of such investments.
- 3. The treatment accorded by a Party under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall mean, with respect to a state or province, treatment no less favorable than the most favorable treatment accorded by such state or province in like circumstances to investors of the Party of which it forms a part.
- 4. Where a state enterprise of a Party competes with investments of investors of another Party in the territory of the Party, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall mean treatment no less favorable than that accorded, in like nircumstances, to privately-owned investments of investors of that Party that also compete with the state enterprise.
 - 5. For greater certainty, no Party shall:
 - a) impose on an investor of another Party a requirement that a minimum level of equity in an enterprise in the Party's territory be held by its nationals, other than nominal qualifying shares for directors or incorporators of corporations; or
 - b) require an investor of another Party, by reason of its nationality, to sell or otherwise dispose of an investment in its territory.

CDAMEX[Article 2104: Most-Favored-Nation Treatment

1. Each Party shall accord to investments of an investor of another Party USA MEX[, and activities associated therewith,] treatment no less favorable than that which it accords, in like circumstances, to the investments of an investor of any other Party or of a non-Party.

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 CONFIDENTIAL August 1, 1992

2. Each Party shall accord to an investor of another Party treatment no less favorable than that which it accords, in like circumstances, to investors of any other Party or non-Party in respect of its establishment, acquisition, expansion, conduct, management, operation and sale or other disposition of its investment in its territory.]

CDAMEX[Article 2105: Non-Discriminatory Treatment

The treatment that a Party shall accord to investments USA MEX[and associated activities] of another Party and to investors of that Party shall be the better of the treatment required by Articles 2103 or 2104. ("Nondiscriminatory treatment")]

Article 2106: Minimum Standard of Treatment

- 1. Each Party shall accord at all times to the investments in its territory of investors of another Party full protection and security, fair and equitable treatment, and in all other respects as well, treatment in accordance with international law.
- 2. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, each Party shall accord investors of a Party, whose investments suffer losses in the territory of another Party owing to conflict or civil strife, at least [nondiscriminatory] treatment as regards any measures it adopts in relation to such losses.

Article 2107: Senior Management and Boards of Directors

- 1. MEX USA [Subject to Chapter (Temporary entry), a Party shall not require that enterprises which are legally constituted under the applicable laws or regulations of one Party, and which are investments of investors of another Party, engage as top managerial personnel individuals of any particular nationality.
- 2. CDA [With respect to an enterprise of a Party which is an investment of an investor of another Party, and subject to applicable immigration laws and regulations, a Party:
 - shall not require that individuals of any particular nationality be appointed to senior management positions;
 - b) may require a majority of the Board of Directors, or any committee thereof, be of any particular nationality, or

Ganada agrees on the condition that the Parties agree to an acceptable definition of "management."

⁶ Although the Lawyers' Group favors use of "national person" rather than "individual", that usage would appear awkward in these paragraphs.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

resident in the territory of that Party , provided such a requirement would not materially impair the ability of that investor to control its investments.

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USA [However, a Party may require that certain members of an enterprise's board of directors be nationals, provided such requirements do not materially impair the ability of investors of another Party to control their investments.

For greater certainty, the provisions of this paragraph are subject to the applicable immigration laws and regulations of a Party.]

Article 2108: Exceptions

- Articles 2103, 2104, 2105, and 2107 shall not apply to:
- a) a non sausewaing provision of any existing measure which is maintained by a Party at the federal level and described in Annex A;
- a non-conforming provision of any existing measure which is maintained by a state or province, and which a Party describes in Annex A within two years after the entry into force of this Agreement;
- c) a non-conforming provision of any existing measure which is maintained by a local government; or
- MEX USA[d) nationality and residency requirements for members of senior management or Boards of Diroctors imposed by a Party in accordance with such measures as are specified in Annex A.]
- 2. A Party may promptly renew such a non-conforming provision of any existing measure, or amend such a non-conforming provision of any existing measure, to the extent that the renewal or amendment does not decrease its conformity with the obligations of this Chapter. No such measure which has been renewed or amended may be further renewed or amended so as to decrease its conformity at the time of the renewal or amendment with the obligations of this Chapter.
- A Party may continue or promptly renew any such nonconforming measures, and may amend any such measure to the extent that the amendment does not decrease the conformity of the measure, as it existed immediately before the amendment, with Articles 2103, 2104, 2105 and 2107.

Note: taken from the services chapter.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

articles 2103, 2104, 2105 and 2107 shall not apply to measures a Party maintains or adopts with respect to the sectors or subjects inscribed by it in Annex B. MEXUSA [However, any such future nonconforming measure may not require an investor of another Party [by reason of its nationality] to sell or otherwise dispose of investment existing at the time such measure becomes effective.]

- 4. A Party may also maintain exceptions from the obligations of Articles 2103, 2104, 2105 and 2107, which are specifically provided for in Article 2203 (of the Chapter on Intellectual Property).
- CDAMEX[5. Notwithstanding Article 2104, a Party need not accord most-favored-nation treatment to investors of another Party or their investments with respect to advantages accorded by that Party pursuant to agreements or sectors listed in Annex [MFN].]
- 6. Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude a Party from prescribing special formalities, such as requirements that investors be residents of a Party or investments be legally constituted under the laws and regulations of a Party or a political subdivision thereof, in connection with the establishment of investments by investors of another Party, provided such formalities do not derogate from the substance of any of the provisions set forth in this Chapter.
- 7. Notwithstanding Articles 2103, 2104, and 2105, a Party may require, from an investor of another Party or its investment, routine business information, to be used solely for informational or statistical purposes, concerning that investment in its territory. Such Party shall protect such business information that is confidential from disclosure that would prejudice the investor's or the investment's competitive position. Nothing in this [Chapter]⁸ shall preclude a Party from otherwise obtaining or disclosing information in connection with the equitable and good faith application of its laws.
- 8. USA[a] As a further exception to (provision on national treatment), and only in respect of sectors reserved for the state on the date of entry into force of this Agreement,

Canada is still considering this provision in relation to its social services exception.

^{*} Canada is considering use of "Chapter."

This section would be inserted in the "treatment" section in a way which would capture the "rachet."

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

a Party, when privatizing an enterprise owned by it in such a sector, may sell all or a portion of its equity interests to its nationals; and

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- a Party, when permitting private investment in such a sector, may require that a specified level of equity in enterprises in that sector be held by its nationals.
- For state enterprises not in sectors reserved to the state at the date of entry into force of this Agreement, but carrying on an activity on the date of entry into force of this Agreement, a Party may limit the initial acquisition of its interests in the enterprise to its nationals. However, once the Party's interests have been sold, the obligations of paragraph 1 (national treatment) shall apply. 10 11
- CDA; Notwithstanding paragraph 1, 9.
 - a Party, when selling or disposing of its equity interest in a enterprise owned or controlled by the Party at the time of entry into force of this Agreement, may impose limitations on the ownership or control of such enterprise by an investor of another Party;
 - a Party, when selling or disposing of its equity interest in a enterprise established or acquired by the Party after the entry into force of this Agreement, may impose limitations on the initial acquisition of those interests by an investor of another Party. Once the Party's interests have been sold or disposed of, the provision of paragraph 1 shall apply to any subsequent sale or disposition;
 - a Party may impose limitations on the participation of investors or investments of another Party in the provision of a service delivered by a government or governmental entity12 when such limitations are imposed at the time:
 - the Party privatizes the delivery of that service; i)

Requirements that equity interests be held by nationals -- for state enterprises not in sectors reserved to the state at the date of entry into force of this Agreement, but which a Party establishes or acquires subsequent to the date of entry into force of this Agreement -- would be governed by Annexes A or В.

 $^{^{11}}$ Mexico is considering joining the U.S. on this provision.

Note that "entity" (rather than "enterprise") is retained here. Presumably it need not be defined.

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5	10.	Articles 2103,	2104, and 2105	shall not app	ly to:	
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9 10		^{USA} [b) procu subdivisions of	rement of good a Party; and)	ls and servic	res by po	litical
. 12		c) any subsid provided by a l	y or grant ^{MEXUS} . Party or state e	[, insurance nterprise the	or loan preof.	rogram) .
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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

or administrative tribunal to remedy an alleged violation of competition laws.

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- USA MEX to act as the exclusive supplier of the goods or services it produces to a specific region or world market.]
- A requirement that an investment use a technology to meet generally applicable health, safety or environmental standards shall not be considered inconsistent with paragraph 1(f). For greater clarity, Articles 2103, 2104, and 2105 shall apply to such requirements.]
- Notwithstanding paragraph 1, a Party may nonetheless condition the establishment or acquisition of an investment, and its subsequent conduct or operation, on commitments to locate production, carry out research and development, train or employ workers, construct or expand particular facilities in its territory.]
- Except as provided in Annex ____, no Party shall condition the receipt or continued receipt of an incentive "sa[or advantage], in connection with investments in its territory of investors of a Party or non-Party, on any of the following requirements CDA[enforceable under domestic law or administrative ruling]:
 - to purchase or use goods or USA [services] from investments controlled by their nationals13:
 - to purchase or use goods: bì

of domestic origin; or from investments located in their territory.

- to achieve a given level or percentage of domestic content;
- d) to relate in any way the volume or value of imports to the volume or value of exports or to the amount of foreign exchange inflows associated with such investment;
- to restrict domestic sales of goods or services that such investment produces by limiting such sales in any way to the volume or value of its exports or foreign exchange earnings;
- f) USA MEX [to act as the exclusive supplier of the goods or services it produces to a specific, regional or world market.]

³ U.S. proposes taking an exception for historically socially disadvantaged minority groups.

CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

- 4. For greater clarity, the provisions of paragraph 3 do not apply to conditions related to the receipt of an incentive that an investor or investment locate production, produce a service, train or employ workers, construct or expand particular facilities, or conduct research and development, [or spend the incentive] in its territory.
 - 5. The provisions of CDA [this Article shall not apply to]:
 - a) USA[paragraphs 1(a)-(c), and 3(a)-(c) shall not apply to eligibility criteria for purposes of export promotion programs;]
 - b) USA [paragraphs $_{L}(b)-(c)$, $_{L}(f)$, and $_{L}(a)-(a)$ chall not apply to] measures related to government procurement, CDA [including purchases by state enterprises]
 - c) CDA [the provision of subsidies consistent with Article XVI of the GATT and the Agreement on the Interpretation and Application of Article VI, XVI and XXIII of the GATT, including any amendments, modifications or successor agreements thereto;]
 - paragraph 3(b)(i) shall not apply to conditions related to the content of goods to qualify for preferential tariffs or quotas...]
- 6. The provisions of paragraphs 1 or 2 shall not apply to any requirements other than those listed in paragraphs l(a)-(g) and 2(a)-(f).

Article 2110: Transfers

- 1. Subject to paragraph 3 MEX CDA [and paragraph 5¹⁴] each Party shall permit all transfers and international payments (hereinafter "transfers") relating to an investment in its territory of an investor of another Party to be made freely and without delay. Such transfers include:
 - a) profits, dividends, interest, capital gains, royalty payments, management, technical assistance and other fees, returns in kind, and other amounts derived from an investment;
 - b) proceeds from the sale of all or any part of an investment or from the partial or complete liquidation of an investment;

¹⁶ It may be desirable to refer to the tax article.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

c) payments made under a contract entered into by an investor, or its investment, including payments made pursuant to a loan agreement;

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- d) compensation pursuant to Article 2111; and
- e) payments arising out of an investment dispute as defined in Article 2119 . 15
- 2. Subject to paragraph 3, each Party shall permit transfers to be made in a freely usable currency at the market rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transfer with respect to spot transactions in the currency to be transferred.
- 3. A Party may, through the equitable and good faith application of its laws, prevent any transfer referred to in paragraph 1 if such transfer is inconsistent with any measure of general application relating to:
 - a) bankruptcy, insolvency or the protection of the rights of creditors;
 - b) issuing, trading or dealing in securities;
 - c) criminal or penal offenses;
 - d) reports of currency transfers; or
 - e) ensuring the satisfaction of judgments in adjudicatory proceedings.
- 4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of this Article, a Party may maintain or adopt restrictions on the transfer of "returns in kind" (goods and services) that are otherwise in conformity with this Agreement.
- 5. MEXCDA[No Party shall require its investors to repatriate, or penalize its investors who fail to repatriate, the income, earnings or profits attributable to any investment in another Party or to any businesses carried on in another Party either directly by the investors or indirectly through a enterprise established in that other Party.]

Article 2111: Expropriation and Compensation

1. No Party shall directly or indirectly nationalize or expropriate an investment of an investor of another Party in its territory or take any measure or measures tantamount to

¹⁵ Canada agrees subject to overall agreement on dispute settlement.

CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

expropriation or nationalization of such an investment ("expropriation"), except:

- a) for a public purpose;
- b) en a nondiscriminatory basis;
- c) in accordance with due process of law and the general principles of treatment provided in Article 2106; and
- d) upon payment of compensation in accordance with paragraphs 2 to 6.
- 2. Compensation shall be equivalent to the fair market value of the expropriated investment immediately before the expropriatory taking ("date of expropriation"), and shall not reflect any change in value occurring because the expropriatory taking had become known earlier. Valuation criteria shall include going concern value, asset value (including declared tax value of tangible property), and other criteria, as appropriate to determine fair market value.
- 3. Compensation shall be paid without delay and be fully realizable.
- 4. If payment is made in a G7 currency, compensation shall include interest at a commercially reasonable rate for that currency from the date of expropriation until the date of actual payment thereof.
- 5. If payment is made in a currency other than a G7 currency, the amount paid shall be no less than the equivalent of the amount of compensation owed on the date of expropriation converted into a G7 currency at the market rate of exchange prevailing on that date, plus accrued interest at a commercially reasonable rate for that G7 currency from the date of expropriation until the date of actual payment.
- 6. Upon payment, compensation shall be freely transferable at the prevailing market rate of exchange on the date of transfer.
- 7. The provisions of this Article do not apply to the issuance of compulsory licenses granted in relation to intellectual property rights, or the revocation, CDA MEX[limitation or creation] of intellectual property rights to the extent that it is consistent with the provicions of Chapter _____ (Intellectual Property).

Article 2113: National Security

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<u>.</u> 2	<pre>1. USA[Subject to Article Procurement], nothing in t prevent:</pre>	inis Agreem	site siteri be co.	
1 5 5	a) USA[to require] as allow access to any determines to be contra	information cary to its	essential securi	ty interests;
7 3	<pre>cox{b) any Party fr services, service pro- which it determines i</pre>	viders, supposed in the street of the street	related and ess	ential to:
10 11 2	<pre>i) supplying a arms, ammunitio fulfillment of a</pre>	n or imple critical o	ements of war, lefence contract	of a Party;
13 14	ii) respondin involving the Pa	irty taking	the measure;	
15 16 17 18	<pre>iii) implementi the nonprolifera weapons, other n biological agent</pre>	ation of nuc nuclear expl	PIARY COPRICAL	OF DIOIOGIA
19 20	<pre>iv) responding supply of nuclea</pre>	ar material:	s for defence po	(Thoses:
21 22 23	considers necessary in essential security in	or the prot nterests.	ille Idealia Chapa	C OLGET OF THE
24 25 26 27 28	i) relating to implements of was other goods, undertaken diresplying a mil	materials.	directly for t	d technology
29 30	<u>ii) taken in international r</u>	time of elations; o	war or other r	emergency in
31 32 33 34	international proliferation explosive device	of nuclear es; or)	entation of nati relating t weapons or	other nuclear
35 36 37	c) Usa [to prevent] of its obligations to maintenance of inter	inder the U	VICEO NACTONS C	INT COT TOT THE

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

USA [2. An action taken under this Article shall not be subject to Article (dispute settlement) or Chapter (general dispute settlement).]

- that its action or measure is that which least infringes the rights or any reasonable expectations of the other Parties under this Agreement, and is no broader in scope or duration than necessary.
- 3. Any determination made under paragraph 1(b) shall be published promptly in the official journal of that Party. Any determination made under paragraph 1(a) or action taken under paragraph 1(c) shall, where appropriate, be similarly published.
- 4. Except in cases of emergency, the Party proposing to impose any measure under paragraph 1(b), or proposing to take action under 1(c) shall consult with the other Parties prior to imposing such measure or taking such action.]
- If a Party considers that any action or measure taken by Party under this Article constitutes a disguised another restriction on trade or investment or otherwise nullifies or impairs any benefit reasonably expected under this Agreement, it Such consultations shall be held may request consultations. promptly. The Party whose action or measure is the subject of the consultations shall give full and sympathetic consideration to the view of the complaining Party and shall explain, in as much detail as is consistent with its assessment of its security interests, the Where appropriate following such reasons for the measure. consultations, such Party shall re-consider whether its action or the application of its measure could be altered in any way, in order to minimize the infringement of rights and benefits otherwise secured by this Agreement.
- 6. No Party may invoke the provisions of this Article to derogate from the requirement to pay compensation for an expropriation in accordance with Article ____ or to permit the transfer of an investment and returns, in accordance with Article ____.]

Article 2114: Competition 16

1. Each Party shall adopt or maintain measures to proscribe anti-competitive business conduct, and shall take appropriate action with respect thereto, recognizing that such measures will enhance the fulfillment of the objects and purposes of this Agreement. To this end the Parties USA [Parties' authorities] shall

The U.S. proposes that this Article be placed outside this investment chapter in the final text.

Watergate Composite Investment

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

consult from time to time about the effectiveness of measures undertaken by each Party.

- 2. Each Party recognizes the importance of cooperation and coordination among their authorities to further effective competitive law enforcement in the Free Trade Area. The Parties VM[Parties' authorities] shall also cooperate on issues of competition law enforcement and consult on issues of common concern which may include mutual legal assistance, notification, consultation and exchange of information relating to the enforcement of competition laws and policies in the Free Trade Areas.
- 3. CDA: In the enforcement of their respective competition laws and policies in those cases involving persons, assets, or practices located, or occurring, in the territory of any of the other Parties, each Party shall assess, and, if requested by a Party, be prepared to advise that Party of the results of its assessment of, the following factors:
 - a) the relative significance of the anti-competitive activities involved of conduct within the enforcing Party's territory as compared to conduct within the other Party's territory;
 - b) the presence or absence of a purpose on the part of those engaged in the anti-competitive activities to affect consumers, suppliers, or competitors within the enforcing Party's territory;
 - c) the relative significance of the effects of the enforcement activities on the enforcing Party's interests as compared to the effects on the other Party's interests;
 - d) the existence or absence of reasonable expectations that would be furthered or defeated by the enforcement activities;
 - e) the degree of conflict or consistency between the enforcement activities and the other Party's law or articulated economic policies; and
 - f) the extent to which enforcement activities of such other Party with respect to the same persons, including judgements or undertakings resulting from such activities, may be affected.]
- 4. The obligations of this Article shall not be subject to USA[review or] dispute settlement pursuant to Chapter 23 (General Dispute Settlement) or Article 2119

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

CDAMEX [5. The Commission shall establish a Competition Policy Committee to consider and make recommendations (no later than ____) on:

- a) the impact of competition law and policy on trade within the Free Trade Area;
- b) the impact of trade law and regulation on competition within the Free Trade Area;]
- c) the potential for reliance on competition laws and policies to discipline anti-competitive transborder pricing practices and market segmentation.]17

Article 2115: State Enterprises18

- CDA[1. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent a Party from maintaining or establishing a state enterprise.
- 2. Each Party through regulatory control, administrative supervision or the application of other measures, that any state enterprise that it maintains or establishes:
 - a) acts in a manner that is not inconsistent with the Party's obligations under this Agreement, whenever such state enterprise excercises any regulatory administrative or other governmental authority that the Party has delegated to it, such as the power to expropriate, grant licenses, approve commercial transactions, or impose guotas, fees or other charges;
 - b) accords nondiscriminatory treatment to investments in the Party's territory of investors of another Party in the sale of its goods or services; and
 - c) where engaged in non-regulated commercial activities in competition, in the relevant market within the territory of the Party, with investments of investors of another Party, does not engage in anti-competitive practices that adversely affect investments of investors of another Party.
- USA[1. This Chapter, and in particular the obligation to accord nondiscriminatory treatment to investments in the territory

The US has proposed a similar concept to (c) in Trade Ramedies Working Group.

[&]quot; Canadian proposal and paragraph 2 of U.S. proposal would be placed with generic monopolies provision.

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Watergate Composite

CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

of a Party of investors of another Party, shall apply to the state enterprises of a Party. 19

state enterprises that are not monopolies, it shall not by provision of subsidies or otherwise, take measures to support such state enterprises in conduct that results in serious prejudice to investors of another Party, contrary to such investors' reasonable expectations. This provision shall not apply where such conduct is authorized by law to fulfill a public purpose and is reasonably related thereto. The term "public purpose" does not include the deliberate disadvantaging of investors of another Party or country.]

Article 2116: Monopolies20

- CDA[1. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent a Party from maintaining or designating a monopoly.
- 2. Prior to designating a monopoly, and where the designation may affect interests of persons another Party, a Party shall:
 - a) notify the other Parties;
 - b) upon request, engage in consultations; and
 - c) endeavor to minimize or eliminate any unnecessary nullification or impairment of benefits under this Agreement that might otherwise be caused by the designation.
- 3. A Party designating a monopoly shall ensure that the monopoly does not engage in discrimination in its sales in the relevant market against investments of investors of another Party, contrary to this Agreement.
- 4. A Party maintaining or designating a monopoly shall ensure that the monopoly in its territory, either directly or through an affiliated company, does not use its monopoly position to engage in anti-competitive practices, whether through cross-subsidization with its operations in its relevant market or otherwise, in areas outside the relevant market.]

Mexico can agree to this provision if placed outside the Investment Chapter and only in respect of non-discriminatory treatment when buying and selling goods or services.

M U.S. proposal would be placed outside the investment chapter.

Watergate Composite Investment

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

- Each Party shall ensure, through regulatory supervision, administrative control or the application of other measures, that any privately-owned monopoly that it designates and any government monopoly that it maintains or designates;
 - acts in a manner consistent with the Party's obligations under this Agreement whenever such monopoly exercises any regulatory, administrative, or other governmental authority granted to it by the Party, such as the power to grant or apply for import or export licenses, approve commercial transactions, or impose quotas, fees, or other charges;
 - acts solely in accordance with commercial considerations in its purchase and sale of the monopoly good or service, including with regard to price, quality, marketability, transportation and other terms and conditions of purchase and sale:
 - provides non-discriminatory treatment to persons, to investments of investors, to goods, and to services of another Party in its purchases and sale of the monopoly good or service; and
 - does not use its monopoly position to engage, either directly or through its dealings with an affiliated enterprise, in anticompetitive practices in a non-monopolized market that adversely affect an investment of an investor of another Party, including through the discriminatory provision of the monopoly good or service, cross-subsidization, or predatory conduct.
- (Nullification and Impairment, Subject to Articles (Expropriation), and Annex 9.1:3 (Liberalization of Energy Investment and Regulatory Measures), nothing in this Agreement shall prevent a Party from designating a monopoly.
- Prior to designating a monopoly, and where the designation may affect interests of persons of another Party, a Party shall:
 - notify the other Farties in writing; and a)
 - endeavor to introduce such conditions on the operation of the monopoly as will minimize or eliminate any mullification or impairment of benefits under this Agreement.
- For purposes of this Article:
- in accordance with commercial considerations means consistent with normal business practices of privately-held firms in that industry;

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

designate means to establish, designate or authorize, or to expand 1 the scope of a monopoly franchise to cover an additional good or 2 service, after entry into force of this Agreement; 3

discriminatory provision includes provision that treats affiliated enterprise more favorably than an unaffiliated enterprise, or that treats once class of enterprises more favorably than another, in like circumstances;

government monopoly means any monopoly that is substantially owned, or controlled through ownership interests, by the federal government of a Party or by another such monopoly;

monopoly means an entity, including any consortium or government agency that, in any relevant market in the territory of a Party, is the sole provider or purchaser of a good or service; and

non-discriminatory treatment means the better of national or most-14 favored-nation treatment. 15

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

Article 2117: Technology Consortia

- MEX CDA [1. No Party shall maintain or introduce any measure that limits or prevents an investor of another Party from participating in a technology conscrtium or other group of business enterprises with respect to the development of or access to technology (in a manner inconsistent with Articles 2103, 2104 and 2105.
- 2. For greater certainty, the terms and conditions for participation in a technology consortia including financial and technology resources shall be determined by the members of the consortia.]

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

Article 2118: Taxation

GENERAL EXCLUSION: INCOME TAX AND RELATED MEASURES

Except as provided for in this Article, nothing in this Agreement shall apply to taxes of the Parties. In the event of an ambiguity or conflict between this Article and any other provision of this Agreement, the provisions of this Article shall apply.

TAX CONVENTIONS 2.

Without limiting the application of Paragraph 1, nothing in this Agreement shall affect the rights and obligations under any convention for the avoidance of double taxation (in this Article referred to as a "tax convention") or other international agreement arrangement, or or legislation implementing such agreement or arrangement, related wholly or mainly to those taxes, and, in the event of an inconsistency between the provisions of this Agreement and any such convention, agreement, arrangement, or legislation, the provisions of the convention, agreement, arrangement, or legislation, shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

APPLICATIONS OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO TRADE IN GOODS 3.

Article 401 of this Agreement incorporating by reference rights and obligations of the Parties relating to trade in goods under Article III of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, and such other provisions of the Agreement as are necessary to give effect to Article 401, shall apply to taxes of the Parties to the same extent as does Article III of the General Agrooment on Tariffs and Trade.

ADDLICATIONS OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO INVESTMENT AND TRADE IN 4. SERVICES

Subject to paragraphs 2 and 5,

provisions imposing national treatment obligations in Chapters ____ and ___ of this Agreement relating to Cross Border Trade in Services and Financial Services, respectively, shall apply to taxes of the Parties on income or capital gains

Provisions concerning forced repatriations in the transfers sections visample taxation are rendered redundant by reason of this provision. provision should take precedence over paragraph 2 of the provision headed "Scope" in Chapter/Annex XX - Financial Services and any other similar provisions. This provision assumes that tariffs and customs duties are not considered to be taxes Wathin the ambit of this Article.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

or on the taxable capital of corporations, including the Assets Tax established by the Assets Tax Law of Mexico, that relate to the purchase or consumption of particular services, and

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provisions imposing national treatment obligations and most favoured nation obligations in Chapters this Agreement relating to Cross Border Trade in Services and Financial Services, respectively, shall apply to all other taxes of the Parties,

 $^{\mathtt{CDA}\,\mathtt{USA}}$ [except that nothing in those Chapters shall apply to:

- impose most favoured nation obligations to advantages accorded by a Party pursuant to a tax convention or any other agreement or arrangement between two or more parties, relating wholly or mainly to taxation;
- a non-conforming provisions of any existing taxation measure:
- the continuation or prompt renewal of a non-conforming provisions of any existing taxation measure;
- an amendment to a non-conforming provision of any existing taxation measure to the extent the amendment does not decrease its conformity with any of the provisions of this Agreement; or
- any new such toxation measure simed at ensuring the equitable USA[or] CDA[and] effective imposition of collection of taxes except where the measure arbitrarily discriminates between persons of the Parties or arbitrarily restricts benefits accorded under this Agreement.]
- CDA USA [APPLICATIONS OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO PERFORMANCE 5. REQUIREMENTS
 - Subject to paragraph 2, paragraphs 2, 3, and 4 of Article (performance requirements) of the Investment Chapter shall apply to the taxes of the Parties, CDA [except that
 - in applying that Article to a taxation measure, that Article shall be read without reference to the words "or services" and "or services supplied" as they appear in paragraph 2 thereof, and
 - in applying that Article to a taxation measure that relates to trade in goods between the Parties, that Article

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

shall be read without reference to the words "or export development programs" in paragraph 4 thereof.]

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6. EXPROPRIATION

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CDAMEX[Article ____ of the Investment Chapter (Expropriation) shall apply to a claim by a Party or an investor of such Party that the measure expressed as a taxation measures constitutes an expropriation or nationalization except where its has been determined pursuant to this paragraph that a taxation measure of a Party is a bona-fide tax. Before an investor or a Party may bring such a claim, however, the issue of whether the measure is a bona-fide tax shall be referred for determination by the competent authorities under the tax convention, if any, between the Parties. If this is no such tax convention of if the competent authorities do not agree to consider the issue or, having agreed to consider it, fail to resolve it within a period of six months after the referral, or such other period as may be agreed upon by the Partice, CDAUSA(the investor or the Party) MEX(the Party may bring such a claim under the appropriate dispute settlement provisions Agreement.]22

6.1 USA EXPROPRIATION

A claim by a Party or an investor of such Party that a tax measure of another Party constitutes an expropriation shall be resolved under Article of the Investment Chapter. The issue of whether such tax is discriminatory shall be referred for resolution to the competent authorities under a Tax Convention between the Parties. If the competent authorities do not agree to consider the issue, or having agreed to consider it, fail to resolve it within a reasonable period of time, the issue shall be resolved, together with all other issues of the expropriation, under Article of the Investment Chapter.]²²

7. WITHHOLDING TAX

Without limiting the application of the foregoing, and for greater certainty, notwithstanding Article (Transfers) a party may impose or collect a tax by withholding or other means.

Notes:

 $^{^{22}}$ A cross reference may be required in the expropriation provision of the Investment Chapter.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

- FTA transitional rules required. It is contemplated by Canada and USA that this Agreement is to override FTA vis-a-vis tax. 1 1. 2
- It is not intended that exiting non-conforming tax measures be 2. 3 listed.
- Canada's position is that paragraphs 4, 5, and 6 are not 5 3. severable.

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CONFIDENTIAL August 3, 1992

Article 2119: DISPUTE SETTLEMENT

[SEE SUBGROUP TEXT] 2

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CONFIDENTIAL. August 3, 1992

DEFINITIONS

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For purposes of this Chapter:

MEX USA [enterprise of a Party means an enterprise constituted or organized under the laws and regulations of a Party or a political subdivision thereof.]23

67 Currency means the currency of Canada, Germany, France, Italy, Japan, the United States of America, or the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

investment of an investor of a Party means an investment owned or controlled directly or indirectly by an investor of such Party, and USA MEX [means the following:

- an enterprise; a)
- equity or debt securities of an enterprise, or any interest in such enterprise that entitles the owner to share in the income or profits or to share in the assets on dissolution;
- real estate or other property (tangible or intangible) acquired in the expectation or used for the purpose of economic benefit or other business purposes;
- a loan to an enterprise made USA [or guaranteed] by an enterprise that is not a financial institution as defined in Chapter ____ (financial services);24
- interests arising from the commitment of capital or other e) resources in or into the territory of another Party to economic activity in such territory , such as under (i) contracts involving the presence of the investor's property in the territory of another Party (e.g., concession agreements, turnkey or construction contracts), or (ii) contracts where the remuneration depends substantially on the production. revenues or profits of an enterprise.

For greater clarity,

a) claims to money which arise solely from:

We are checking this definition with the Lawyers' Group.

This language must be coordinated with the Financial Services Group, which may wish to include as "investments" a loan by a Bank to provide capital to its subsidiary.