

【Attachment】

Import Requirements for Fresh Table Grapes from the State of Sonora in Mexico

1. Areas and plants subject to requirements

The requirements shall be applied to fresh fruits of table grapes (*Vitis vinifera*) produced in the state of Sonora in Mexico for the export to Korea

2. Means of conveyance

Air cargo and ship cargo (except hand carry, mail and express consignment)

3. Registration of export orchards and packinghouses

A. Orchards and packing houses that produce table grapes for export to Korea (hereinafter referred to as “the export orchards” and “the export packing houses” respectively) shall be registered with the National Plant Protection Organization of Mexico, which is Servicio Nacional de Sanidad Inogksrnuidad y Calidad Agroalimentaria (hereinafter referred to as "SENASICA"). The SENASICA shall guarantee the phytosanitary condition of the registered orchards and packing houses and the traceability of consignments.

B. SENASICA shall notify Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency of Korea (hereinafter referred to as "APQA") with a list of registered export orchards and packing houses (including the name and registration number) before commencement of export.

4. Surveillance System for Fruit Fly in Export areas

A. SENASICA shall carry out surveillance for three species of fruit flies, which are *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha fraterculus*, and *Anastrepha obliqua*, in accordance with the guidance of surveillance program for fruit fly (NOM-076-FITO-1990).

B. A fruit fly is detected in the state of Sonora, the SENASICA shall suspend the export of

table grapes from Sonora to Korea and provide to APQA with related information.

5. Field inspection of Export orchards

A. SENASICA shall prove the maintenance of *Xylella fastidiosa* free status of the State of Sonora.

- (1) To verify the absence of *X. fastidiosa* of the table grapes from the state of Sonora, SENASICA shall conduct sampling and laboratory test of grapes according to ISPM No. 27 annex 25(Diagnostic protocols for regulated pests, *X. fastidiosa*) before export to Korea every year.
- (2) At the request of Korea, SENASICA shall provide it with the laboratory test results and data.
- (3) If the result of laboratory test confirms the occurrence of *X. fastidiosa*, SENASICA shall suspend the export of table grapes from Sonora to Korea and provide APQA with related information.

B. SENASICA shall conduct the surveillance of *Homalodisca vitripennis* in the state of Sonora, and provide APQA with documents related to surveillance at the request of Korea.

- (1) In order to survey *Homalodisca vitripennis*, one yellow sticky trap shall be installed every 100ha (or at least two traps per orchard if the orchard size below 100 ha) in the field for export to Korea from flowering to harvesting period. The presence of the pest concern shall be checked per week.
- (2) Where yellow sticky trap captures *Homalodisca vitripennis*, the export to Korea shall be provisionally suspended and the pest shall be sent to laboratory to test for infection of *X. fastidiosa*.
- (3) If the result of laboratory test confirms the pest to be positive for of *X. fastidiosa*, the relevant orchard shall be excluded from exporting to Korea during the remainder season and the orchard information shall be provided to APQA

6. Packinghouses management

- A. SENASICA shall check sanitary conditions of export packinghouses including storages before commencement of export every year and shall oversee and supervise to ensure that the following measures are in place:
- (1) Maintaining cleanliness such as regularly disinfecting packinghouses and storage facilities each year;
 - (2) Taking appropriate measures to prevent pest re-contamination such as installation of insect-proof net or ensuring that there are no space between container loading area and containers;
 - (3) Ensuring that fresh table grapes for export to Korea are not be sorted and stored together with fruits from non-export orchards or for export to other markets, or with any other fresh fruits
- B. SENASICA shall supervise and oversee the sorting process to ensure that contaminants such as leaves, twigs or soil are removed from the export consignments.

7. Packing and labeling

- A. SENASICA shall mark registration numbers of the export orchards and packinghouses, packing date and a label "For Korea" on the outside the export packing.
- B. SENASICA shall take appropriate measures for export consignment that have been packed in order to prevent re-contaminated during storage or conveyance.

8. Export inspection and certification

- A. SENASICA shall inspect on 2% sample or ISPM No. 31(Methodologies for sampling of consignments) of the product for exportation and issue a Phytosanitary certificate after confirming that the product is free from pests of Korean concern as Annex1
- (1) The name or registration number of the export orchards and packing houses.
 - (2) The fruits in the shipment were inspected and found free from *Xylella fastidiosa*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha fraterculus*, *Anastrepha obliqua*, *Homalodisca viripennis*.
- B. If *Xylella fastidiosa*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha fraterculus*, *Anastrepha obliqua*, *Homalodisca viripennis* are found in export inspection, the consignment is rejected and is suspended export of table grapes from Sonora until the cause is identified and

corrected.

- C. In case any of live quarantine pests, other than the five pests (*Xylella fastidiosa*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha fraterculus*, *Anastrepha obliqua*, *Homalodisca viripennis*) mentioned in the above, as listed in [Annex 1] is intercepted during export inspection, the consignment may be exported to Korea after appropriate treatment measures.
- D. The packing cartons or pallets of the fresh table grape for export to Korea transported by both ship and air cargo shall be sealed using a method approved by SENASICA . (such as a sticky tape, sticker and label).
- E. In case of a ship cargo transported by containers, each consignment shall be sealed after loading onto containers. The container number and seal number shall be described in the phytosanitary certificate (hereinafter referred to as "PC").
- F. In case of a air cargo, each carton or pallet shall be packed or wrapped with nets mesh size less than 1.6 x1.6mm in diameter or be wrapped with polyvinyl in existence of ventilation holes.
- G. SENASICA shall send to APAQ the information (such as container No., etc) of shipment departures to Korea.

9. Import inspection

- A. Upon arrival of consignments at a port of arrival in Korea, APQA inspector shall check the following requirements. If any consignments are not in compliance with the following conditions, the whole or a part of the consignment shall be destroyed or returned to Mexico:
 - (1) Attachment of a PC with Additional Declaration;
 - (2) The label "For Korea", name of export orchards(or registered code) and name of packing houses(or registered code) and marked on the outside of the export packing cartons or pallets; and
 - (3) The condition of sealing for the packing cartons or pallets

- B. APQA shall conduct the import inspection in accordance with Plant Protection Acts and Regulations of Korea. *Xylella fastidiosa*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha fraterculus*, *Anastrepha obliqua*, *Homalodisca viripennis* are found during the import inspection, the consignment shall be destroyed or returned, and the importation of table grapes from Sonora shall be suspended until the cause is identified and remedial measures are implemented
- C. In case a new unassessed pest is intercepted or Korea's quarantine pests (Annex 1) is continuously intercepted, pest risk assessment shall be conducted by APQA and necessary measures can be determined based on the result of assessment and through consultation between two countries.
- D. Further details of not mentioned in these requirements could be stipulated by the Plant Protection Acts and Regulations of Korea.

10. On-site survey

- A. SENASICA shall send APQA an official invitation letter requesting for on-site survey by a APQA inspector at least 30 days before the commencement of export of fresh fruits of table grapes every year.
- B. During on-site survey period, APQA shall verify overall export inspection procedures, including inspection on production sites and surveillance system for fruit flies, and the requirements of export orchards and packing houses.
- C. In accordance with the Overseas Travel Expense Regulations of Korea, shall provide the necessary expenses (such as arrangements of round-trip air ticket, daily allowances including accommodation and meals, traveler's insurance fee, communication allowance, local transportation, interpretation, etc.) to facilitate the on-site survey carried out by a APQA inspector. The one-site survey shall be conducted at least for 2 years from the year of export and whether to continue the on-site survey may be determined based on the result of the surveys.

[Annex]

A List of Korea's Quarantine Pests (18 species) Associated with the table grape from the state of Sonora

Item	Scientific Name of Pests and Disease
Pathogen	<i>Xylella fastidiosa*</i>
Pests	<i>Caliothrips fasciatus</i>
	<i>Drepanothrips reuteri</i>
	<i>Erythroneura variabiles,</i>
	<i>Homalodisca vitripennis*</i>
	<i>Aonidiella aurantii,</i>
	<i>Aspidiotus nerii</i>
	<i>Selenaspicus articulatus</i>
	<i>Ferrisia virgata</i>
	<i>Maconellicoccus hirsutus</i>
	<i>Planococcus ficus</i>
	<i>Pseudococcus calceolariae</i>
	<i>Platynota stultana</i>
	<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>
	<i>Cornu (Helix) aspersum</i>
	<i>Ceratitis capitata*</i>
	<i>Anastrepha fraterculus*</i>
	<i>Anastrepha oblique*</i>

* The 5 species require specific risk mitigation measures.